

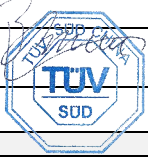




TEST REPORT IEC 62109-1 Safety of Power Converter for use in Photovoltaic Power Systems Part 1: General requirements	
Report Number	70.409.21.035.11-00 part 1 of 3
Date of issue	2021-05-17
Total number of pages	77
Testing Laboratory	TÜV SÜD Certification and Testing (China) Co., Ltd. Guangzhou Branch
Applicant's name	Sungrow Power Supply Co., Ltd.
Address	No. 1699 Xiyou Road, New & High, Technology Industrial Development Zone, 230088 Hefei, Anhui, People's Republic of China
Test specification:	
Standard	IEC 62109-1:2010 (First Edition)
Test procedure	TÜV mark
Non-standard test method	N/A
Test Report Form No.	IEC62109_1B
Test Report Form(s) Originator	VDE Testing and Certification Institute
Master TRF	Dated 2016-04
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This report is not valid as a CB Test Report unless signed by an approved CB Testing Laboratory and appended to a CB Test Certificate issued by an NCB in accordance with IECEE 02.	
General disclaimer:	
The test results presented in this report relate only to the object tested. This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of the Issuing CB Testing Laboratory. The authenticity of this Test Report and its contents can be verified by contacting the NCB, responsible for this Test Report.	



Test item description	Grid-connected Hybrid Inverter	
Trade Mark.....	阳光电源 SUNGROW	
Manufacturer	Sungrow Power Supply Co., Ltd. No. 1699 Xiyou Road, New & High, Technology Industrial Development Zone, 230088 Hefei, Anhui, People's Republic of China	
Model/Type reference.....	SH3.0RS, SH3.6RS, SH4.0RS, SH5.0RS, SH6.0RS	
Ratings.....	See rating labels on page 4 to 6	
Responsible Testing Laboratory (as applicable), testing procedure and testing location(s):		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Testing Laboratory	TÜV SÜD Certification and Testing (China) Co., Ltd. Guangzhou Branch
	Address	5F, Communication Building, 163 Pingyun Rd, Huangpu Ave. West, Guangzhou 510656, P. R. China
<input type="checkbox"/>	Associated Testing Laboratory:	
	Testing location/ address	
	Tested by (name, function, signature).....	
	Approved by (name, function, signature)....	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Testing procedure: CTF Stage 1:	Test Center of Sungrow Power Supply Co., Ltd. (CNAS L8066)
	Testing location/ address	No. 1699 Xiyou Road, New & High, Technology Industrial Development Zone, 230088 Hefei, Anhui, People's Republic of China
	Tested by (name, function, signature).....	Shan Huang Bin Wu
	Approved by (name, function, signature)....	Kai Zhao
		  
<input type="checkbox"/>	Testing procedure: CTF Stage 2:	
	Testing location/ address	
	Tested by (name + signature)	
	Witnessed by (name, function, signature) .:	
	Approved by (name, function, signature)....	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Testing procedure: CTF Stage 3:	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Testing procedure: CTF Stage 4:	
	Testing location/ address	
	Tested by (name, function, signature).....	
	Witnessed by (name, function, signature) .:	
	Approved by (name, function, signature)....	
	Supervised by (name, function, signature) :	



List of Attachments (including a total number of pages in each attachment):		
Tests against:		
IEC 62109-1(ed.1)/EN 62109-1:2010, IEC 62109-2(ed.1)/EN 62109-2:2011		
Total test reports contains 2 parts and 3 attachments listed in below table:		
Item	Description	Pages
Part 1	IEC 62109-1(ed.1)/EN 62109-1:2010 test report	77
Part 2	IEC 62109-2(ed.1)/EN 62109-2:2011 test report	30
Part 3	IEC 62477-1:2012+A1:2016, EN 62477-1:2012/A1:2017 test report	67
Attachment 1	Data form for electrical and electronic component (CDF)	13
Summary of testing:		
All the tests results are confirmed to the requirements of the standard.		
Tests performed (name of test and test clause):		Testing location:
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Visual inspection - clauses as available; <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mains supply electrical data in normal condition & electrical ratings tests - 4.2.2.6 & 4.7; <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Durability and legibility of marking - 5.1.2; <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Thermal test and single fault test - 4.3 & 4.4; <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Humidity preconditioning - 4.5; <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Voltage Back-feed Protection, as combined with 4,4; <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enclosure integrity - 6.3; <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Non-accessibility - 7.3.4.2.3; <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protective bonding - 7.3.6.3.3; <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Capacitor discharge - 7.3.5.3.2 & 7.3.9; <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Clearance and creepage distances - 7.3.7; <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Capacitor discharge - 7.3.9 & 7.4; <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Energy hazards - 7.4; <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Electrical tests - 7.5; <input type="checkbox"/> Stability test - 8.3; <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Handle loading - 8.4; <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Support loading - 8.5; <input type="checkbox"/> Material tests - 9.1.3; <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Limited power sources - 9.2; <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sonic pressure hazards - 10; <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Actuating parts of controls (Knob pull and limitation of movement) - 13.1 <input type="checkbox"/> Physical tests on power supply cords - 13.3.2.5 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 8 mm stripping test - 13.3.3.6; <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mould stress relief test - 13.6.2.1; <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Deformation tests - 13.7; <input type="checkbox"/> Battery - 14.8; <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Annex B operational test as combined with 4,4; Remark: Touch current test was conducted at nominal frequency 60Hz(considered more severity), and other tests were conducted at nominal frequency 50Hz,230VAC		1. Test Center of Sungrow Power Supply Co., Ltd. No. 1699 Xiyou Road, New & High, Technology Industrial Development Zone, 230088 Hefei, Anhui, People's Republic of China.
Summary of compliance with National Differences (List of countries addressed):		
All tests were carried out according to IEC 62109-1(ed.1)/EN 62109-1:2010.		
The text of IEC 62109-1(ed.1) was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification. Also compliance with EN 62109-1:2010, Annex ZA of EN 62109-1:2010 is recorded at the end of this report.		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The product fulfils the requirements of IEC 62109-1(ed.1)/EN 62109-1:2010		



Copy of marking plate:

The artwork below may be only a draft. The use of certification marks on a product must be authorized by the respective NCB' s that own these marks.

<div style="text-align: center; margin-bottom: 5px;">50.00</div> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td colspan="3" style="text-align: center;">SUNGROW GRID-CONNECTED HYBRID INVERTER</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Type</td> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: right;">SH3.0RS</td> </tr> <tr> <td>S/N</td> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: right;">A*****</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="4" style="text-align: center;">PV -----</td> <td>V_{DC max}</td> <td>600V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_{DC MPP}</td> <td>40V...560V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>I_{DC max}</td> <td>32A(16A / 16A)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>I_{SC PV}</td> <td>40A(20A / 20A)</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="3" style="text-align: center;">BAT -----</td> <td>V_{BAT}</td> <td>80V...460V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>I_{BAT max}</td> <td>30A</td> </tr> <tr> <td>P_{BAT max}</td> <td>6600W</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="5" style="text-align: center;">AC-Grid 50Hz / 60Hz</td> <td>V_{AC,r}</td> <td>220V / 230V / 240V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>I_{AC max}</td> <td>13.7A</td> </tr> <tr> <td>P_{AC,r}</td> <td>3000W</td> </tr> <tr> <td>S_{AC,r}</td> <td>3000VA</td> </tr> <tr> <td>cos(φ)</td> <td>0.8 Lead...1...0.8 Lag</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="5" style="text-align: center;">AC-Backup 50Hz / 60Hz</td> <td>V_{AC,r}</td> <td>220V / 230V / 240V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>I_{AC max}</td> <td>13.7A</td> </tr> <tr> <td>P_{AC,r}</td> <td>3000W</td> </tr> <tr> <td>S_{AC,r}</td> <td>3000VA</td> </tr> <tr> <td>cos(φ)</td> <td>0 Lead...1...0 Lag</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">Overvoltage Category</td> <td>III[AC],II[PV][BATTERY]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Safety Class I</td> <td>IP65</td> <td>-25°C...+60°C</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3" style="text-align: center;"> </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3" style="text-align: center;"> </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3" style="text-align: center;"> </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3" style="text-align: center;"> SUNGROW POWER SUPPLY CO., LTD. www.sungrowpower.com Made in china </td> </tr> </table>	SUNGROW GRID-CONNECTED HYBRID INVERTER			Type	SH3.0RS		S/N	A*****		PV -----	V _{DC max}	600V	V _{DC MPP}	40V...560V	I _{DC max}	32A(16A / 16A)	I _{SC PV}	40A(20A / 20A)	BAT -----	V _{BAT}	80V...460V	I _{BAT max}	30A	P _{BAT max}	6600W	AC-Grid 50Hz / 60Hz	V _{AC,r}	220V / 230V / 240V	I _{AC max}	13.7A	P _{AC,r}	3000W	S _{AC,r}	3000VA	cos(φ)	0.8 Lead...1...0.8 Lag	AC-Backup 50Hz / 60Hz	V _{AC,r}	220V / 230V / 240V	I _{AC max}	13.7A	P _{AC,r}	3000W	S _{AC,r}	3000VA	cos(φ)	0 Lead...1...0 Lag	Overvoltage Category		III[AC],II[PV][BATTERY]	Safety Class I	IP65	-25°C...+60°C										SUNGROW POWER SUPPLY CO., LTD. www.sungrowpower.com Made in china			<div style="text-align: center; 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105.00	SUNGROW GRID-CONNECTED HYBRID INVERTER			SUNGROW GRID-CONNECTED HYBRID INVERTER				
	Type		SH4.0RS	Type		SH5.0RS		
	S/N		A*****	S/N		A*****		
	PV -----	V _{DC max}	600V		PV -----	V _{DC max}	600V	
		V _{DC MPP}	40V...560V			V _{DC MPP}	40V...560V	
		I _{DC max}	32A(16A / 16A)			I _{DC max}	32A(16A / 16A)	
		I _{SC PV}	40A(20A / 20A)			I _{SC PV}	40A(20A / 20A)	
	BAT -----	V _{BAT}	80V...460V		BAT -----	V _{BAT}	80V...460V	
		I _{BAT max}	30A			I _{BAT max}	30A	
		P _{BAT max}	6600W			P _{BAT max}	6600W	
		AC-Grid		V _{AC,r} 220V / 230V / 240V		AC-Grid		V _{AC,r} 220V / 230V / 240V
	50Hz / 60Hz	I _{AC max}	18.2A		50Hz / 60Hz	I _{AC max}	22.8A*	
		P _{AC,r}	4000W			P _{AC,r}	5000W*	
		S _{AC,r}	4000VA			S _{AC,r}	5000VA*	
		cos(φ)	0.8 Lead...1...0.8 Lag			cos(φ)	0.8 Lead...1...0.8 Lag	
	AC-Backup		V _{AC,r} 220V / 230V / 240V		AC-Backup		V _{AC,r} 220V / 230V / 240V	
	50Hz / 60Hz	I _{AC max}	18.2A		50Hz / 60Hz	I _{AC max}	22.8A*	
		P _{AC,r}	4000W			P _{AC,r}	5000W*	
		S _{AC,r}	4000VA			S _{AC,r}	5000VA*	
		cos(φ)	0 Lead...1...0 Lag			cos(φ)	0 Lead...1...0 Lag	
Overvoltage Category		III[AC],II[PV][BATTERY]		Overvoltage Category		III[AC],II[PV][BATTERY]		
Safety Class I		IP65	-25°C...+60°C	Safety Class I		IP65	-25°C...+60°C	
SUNGROW POWER SUPPLY CO., LTD. www.sungrowpower.com Made in china				SUNGROW POWER SUPPLY CO., LTD. www.sungrowpower.com Made in china				



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SUNGROW GRID-CONNECTED HYBRID INVERTER

Type SH6.0RS
 S/N A*****

PV -----	V _{DC} max	600V
	V _{DC} MPP	40V...560V
	I _{DC} max	32A(16A / 16A)
	I _{SC} PV	40A(20A / 20A)
BAT -----	V _{BAT}	80V...460V
	I _{BAT} max	30A
	P _{BAT} max	6600W
AC-Grid 50Hz / 60Hz	V _{AC,r}	220V / 230V / 240V
	I _{AC} max	27.3A
	P _{AC,r}	6000W
	S _{AC,r}	6000VA
	cos(φ)	0.8 Lead...1...0.8 Lag
AC-Backup 50Hz / 60Hz	V _{AC,r}	220V / 230V / 240V
	I _{AC} max	27.3A
	P _{AC,r}	6000W
	S _{AC,r}	6000VA
	cos(φ)	0 Lead...1...0 Lag
Overvoltage Category		III[AC],II[PV][BATTERY]
Safety Class I	IP65	-25°C...+60°C

SUNGROW POWER SUPPLY CO., LTD.
 www.sungrowpower.com Made in china

SUNGROW

EU/EEA Importer

Sungrow Power Supply Co., Ltd.
 No.1699 Xiyou Road, Hefei,
 230088, P.R.China

Sungrow Deutschland GmbH
 Balanstrasse 59, 81541
 München, Germany

105.00

58mm

33mm

Name and address of EU-based manufacturer, or authorized representative or importer must be affixed to the product when the product place on the EU market.
 Marking plate material: pressure-sensitive unprinted label stocks stamped into aluminum surface;
 Suitable for outdoor use with respect to exposure to Ultraviolet Light, Water Exposure and thermal transfer printed label stock applications, -60°C to 95°C,An additional PET film provided to cover label.

TRF No. IEC62109_1B

Test item particulars		
Equipment mobility	<input type="checkbox"/> movable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> fixed	<input type="checkbox"/> hand-held <input type="checkbox"/> transportable
Connection to the mains	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> pluggable equipment <input type="checkbox"/> permanent connection	<input type="checkbox"/> stationary <input type="checkbox"/> for building-in <input type="checkbox"/> direct plug-in <input type="checkbox"/> for building-in
Environmental category	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> outdoor	<input type="checkbox"/> indoor unconditional <input type="checkbox"/> indoor conditional
Over voltage category Mains	<input type="checkbox"/> OVC I <input type="checkbox"/> OVC II <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OVC III <input type="checkbox"/> OVC IV	
Over voltage category PV	<input type="checkbox"/> OVC I <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OVC II <input type="checkbox"/> OVC III <input type="checkbox"/> OVC IV	
Mains supply tolerance (%)	±10 %	
Tested for power systems	TN system, except corner-earthed system	
IT testing, phase-phase voltage (V)	N/A	
Class of equipment	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Class I <input type="checkbox"/> Not classified	<input type="checkbox"/> Class II <input type="checkbox"/> Class III
Mass of equipment (kg)	Approx. 18.5kg	
Pollution degree	3(external environment), 2(internal environment)	
IP protection class	IP65	
Possible test case verdicts:		
- test case does not apply to the test object	N/A	
- test object does meet the requirement	P (Pass)	
- test object was not evaluated for the requirement	N/E	
- test object does not meet the requirement	F (Fail)	
Testing		
Date of receipt of test item	2021-03-01	
Date (s) of performance of tests	2021-03-02 to 2021-05-14	



General remarks:	
"(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional information appended to the report. "(See appended table)" refers to a table appended to the report. Throughout this report a <input type="checkbox"/> comma / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> point is used as the decimal separator.	
Manufacturer's Declaration per sub-clause 4.2.5 of IEC62109-1:	
The application for obtaining a CB Test Certificate includes more than one factory location and a declaration from the Manufacturer stating that the sample(s) submitted for evaluation is (are) representative of the products from each factory has been provided.....:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not applicable
When differences exist; they shall be identified in the General product information section.	
Name and address of factory (ies)..... : 1. Sungrow Power Supply Co., Ltd. No. 1699 Xiyou Road, New & High Technology Industrial Development Zone, 230088 Hefei, Anhui, People's Republic of China 2. Sungrow Power Supply Co., Ltd. No. 608, Changning Avenue, New & High Technology Industrial, Development Zone 230088 Hefei City, Anhui Province PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA 3. Sungrow Developers (India) Private Limited No.85, kanmike village, Kengeri hobli Bangalore South Taluk, 560074 Bangalore, INDIA	
General product information:	
The device is a transformer-less grid-connected hybrid inverter which converts direct current (from PV array and/or storage batteries) to alternating current and charge the storage batteries (Lithium battery) from the power of the PV generator/or AC grid. It is intended to be connected in parallel with the mains to generate power supply to public utility or for stand-alone mode to supply common load, for outdoor or indoor use. It is intended for professional incorporation into PV system, and it is assessed on a component test basis. Description of the differences of the models within a series: Basic model: SH6.0RS SH3.0RS, SH3.6RS, SH4.0RS, SH5.0RS: similar to SH6.0RS, except for output power derated by software.	
Characteristic data	
Item	Specification
PV inputs	
Max. input voltage	d.c. 600V
MPP voltage range	d.c. 40-560V
Max. input current	d.c. 32A(16A/16A)
Isc PV (absolute maximum)	d.c. 40A(20A/20A)
Battery	
Battery type	Lithium
Voltage range	d.c. 80-460V



Rated voltage	d.c. 220V
Max. charge / discharge current	d.c. 30A/30A
AC input and output	
Rated output voltage	a.c. 220V/230V/240V
Rated output frequency	50Hz / 60Hz
Rated output power	3000W/3000VA (SH3.0RS), 3680W/3680VA (SH3.6RS), 4000W/4000VA (SH4.0RS), 5000W/5000VA (SH5.0RS), 6000W/6000VA (SH6.0RS)
Max. input power	10kVA(SH3.0RS), 10.7kVA(SH3.6RS), 11kVA(SH4.0RS), 12kVA(SH5.0RS), 13kVA(SH6.0RS)
Max. input / output current	a.c. 45.5A/13.7A(SH3.0RS), a.c. 48.7A/16A(SH3.6RS), a.c. 50.0A/18.2A(SH4.0RS), a.c. 54.6A/22.8A(SH5.0RS), a.c. 59.1A/27.3A(SH6.0RS)
Power factor range	0.8 Lead...0.8 Lag
Back up output	
Rated output voltage	a.c. 220V/230V/240V
Rated output frequency	50Hz / 60Hz
Rated output power	3000W/3000VA (SH3.0RS), 3680W/3680VA (SH3.6RS), 4000W/4000VA (SH4.0RS), 5000W/5000VA (SH5.0RS), 6000W/6000VA (SH6.0RS)
Max. output current	a.c. 13.7A(SH3.0RS), a.c. 16A(SH3.6RS), a.c. 18.2A(SH4.0RS), a.c. 22.8A(SH5.0RS), a.c. 27.3A(SH6.0RS)
Power factor range	0 Lead...1...0 Lag
Protection class	I
Degree of protection	IP65
Overvoltage category	II (PV, Battery), III (MAINS)
Ambient temperature	-25°C...+60°C

Firmware Version:
 ARM_SUNSTONE-H_V11_V01_A, MDSP_SUNSTONE-H_V11_V01_A

The following documentations are retained on file:

- Photograph;
- Circuit diagrams;
- PCB layout drawing;
- PCB foil pattern assembly drawing;
- Specification sheets for components;
- Instruction manual.
- Manufacturer's work instruction and declaration for 100% routing test as required by IEC 62109-1(ed.1)/EN 62109-1:2010, IEC 62109-2(ed.1)/EN 62109-2:2011.

License conditions---

1. This type of inverter only has relays as automatic disconnecting mean and does not have internal isolation between the mains and PV circuits, but it is required to be used with a dedicated isolation transformer(isolation transformer information refer to Sungrow Power technical document), with no other equipment connected to the inverter side of that isolation transformer, the combination may be treated as an isolated inverter, the isolation transformer and other isolation components are in series with the automatic disconnection mean, and separate the mains service worker from the PV voltage in the event of failure of the automatic disconnection means.

For safety reason, this combination shall also comply with the leakage current limits for both shock and fire hazards under "Minimum inverter isolation requirements" described in IEC 62109-2(ed.1)/EN 62109-2:2011. And the area between inverter side of that isolation transformer and mains shall be protected as systems located in closed electrical operating areas, indicating which forms of shock hazard protection are and are not provided integral to the inverter in installation instructions. All operation, installation and



maintenance shall be followed with Sungrow Power instruction strictly.
 The other configurations (such as multiple inverters in parallel operation) require analysis at the system level, and are beyond the scope of standard IEC 62109-1(ed.1)/EN 62109-1:2010 and IEC 62109-2(ed.1)/EN 62109-2:2011, however the principles in these standards may be used in the analysis.

2. The following safety parameters are factory set and fixed per IEC 62109-2(ed.1)/EN 62109-2:2011.

Default interface protection settings

Parameters	Normative requirements		Internal threshold setting	
	Maximum clearance time	Trip limit	Maximum clearance time (factory setting)	Factory setting trip value
PV array Insulation resistance measurement before starting operation	-	600V/30mA=20 kΩ	-	20 kΩ as default
Continuous residual current monitoring(functional)	300ms	300mA	60ms	300mA
Sudden changes in residual current(functional)	300ms	30mA	120ms	20mA
	150ms	60mA	60ms	50mA
	40ms	150mA	20ms	70mA

Alteration of the above settings or full setting range of the interface protection may cause a breach of the type-certificate marking.

Unauthorised access to factory safety parameters setting and software should be prohibited.

A reset to the factory safety parameters requires retesting and verification in conjunction with the end-use system.


IEC 62109-1			
Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
4	GENERAL TESTING REQUIREMENTS		P
4.1	General		P
4.2	General conditions for testing		P
4.2.1	Sequence of tests		P
4.2.2	Reference test conditions		P
4.2.2.1	Environmental conditions		P
4.2.2.2	State of equipment		P
4.2.2.3	Position of equipment	The equipments were installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, in the configuration that results in the worst-case test conditions	P
4.2.2.4	Accessories		P
4.2.2.5	Covers and removable parts	No accessories or operator interchangeable parts	N/A
4.2.2.6	Mains supply a) Voltage: b) Frequency: c) Polarity: d) Earthing: e) Over-current Protection:		P
4.2.2.7	Supply ports other than the mains	PV inputs, and battery inputs	P
4.2.2.7.1	Photovoltaic supply sources a) Open circuit voltage: b) Short-circuit current:		P
4.2.2.7.2	Battery inputs	(see appended table 4.2.2.7)	P
4.2.2.8	Conditions of loading for output ports	DC-AC inverter. a.c. output port was loaded with linear loads to obtain the maximum rated output power. Continuous operation ratings, until steady conditions are established.	P
4.2.2.9	Earthing terminals	Protective conductor terminal was connected to earth. No functional earth terminal.	P
4.2.2.10	Controls		P
4.2.2.11	Available short circuit current		P
4.3	Thermal testing	(see appended table 4.3)	P
4.3.1	General		P
4.3.2	Maximum temperatures		P



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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
4.3.2.1	General		P
4.3.2.2	Touch temperatures		P
4.3.2.3	Temperature limits for mounting surfaces		P
4.4	Testing in single fault condition	(see appended table 4.4)	P
4.4.1	General		P
4.4.2	Test conditions and duration for testing under fault conditions		P
4.4.2.1	General		P
4.4.2.2	Duration of tests		P
4.4.3	Pass/fail criteria for testing under fault conditions		P
4.4.3.1	Protection against shock hazard		P
4.4.3.2	Protection against the spread of fire		P
4.4.3.3	Protection against other hazards		P
4.4.3.4	Protection against parts expulsion hazards		P
4.4.4	Single fault conditions to be applied		P
4.4.4.1	Component fault tests		P
4.4.4.2	Equipment or parts for short-term or intermittent operation	Not for short-term or intermittent operation	N/A
4.4.4.3	Motors		P
4.4.4.4	Transformer short circuit tests		P
4.4.4.5	Output short circuit	(1) Line and PE (2) Between Line conductors Above combinations of output terminals are tested one a time.	P
4.4.4.6	Backfeed current test for equipment with more than one source of supply		P
4.4.4.7	Output overload		P
4.4.4.8	Cooling system failure		P
4.4.4.9	Heating devices		N/A
4.4.4.10	Safety interlock systems	No safety interlock	N/A
4.4.4.11	Reverse d.c. connections		P
4.4.4.12	Voltage selector mismatch	No voltage selector	N/A
4.4.4.13	Mis-wiring with incorrect phase sequence or polarity		P
4.4.4.14	Printed wiring board short-circuit test	Functional insulation less than required spacing is simulated by short-circuit test.	P
4.5	Humidity preconditioning	(see appended table 7.5)	P

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
4.5.1	General		P
4.5.2	Conditions		P
4.6	Backfeed voltage protection		P
4.6.1	Backfeed tests under normal conditions		P
4.6.2	Backfeed tests under single-fault conditions		P
4.6.3	Compliance with backfeed tests		P
4.7	Electrical ratings tests	(see appended table 4.2.2.6)	P
4.7.1	Input ratings		P
4.7.1.1	Measurement requirements for DC input ports		P
4.7.2	Output ratings		P
5	MARKING AND DOCUMENTATION		P
5.1	Marking		P
5.1.1	General	Rack- or panel-mounted equipment, markings on external surface of enclosure, side enclosure with rating label and warning substance, warning symbols, and installation indication or switch position provided at close up of external connection interface. Graphic symbols per Annex C or IEC 60417, refer to section “copy of marking plate”	P
	Equipment shall bear markings as specified in 5.1 and 5.2		P
	Graphic symbols may be used and shall be in accordance with Annex C or IEC 60417 as applicable.		P
	Graphic symbols shall be explained in the documentation provided with the PCE.		P
5.1.2	Durability of markings		P
	Markings required by this clause to be located on the PCE shall remain clear and legible under conditions of NORMAL USE and resist the effects of cleaning agents specified by the manufacturer	Tested with Isopropyl alcohol for 30s	P
5.1.3	Identification		P
	The equipment shall, as a minimum, be permanently marked with:		P
	a) the name or trade mark of the manufacturer or supplier	refer to section “copy of marking plate”	P

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	b) model number, name or other means to identify the equipment	refer to section “copy of marking plate”	P
	c) a serial number, code or other marking allowing identification of manufacturing location and the manufacturing batch or date within a three month time period.	Marking on equipment	P
5.1.4	Equipment ratings	Replaced, refer to IEC 62109-2(ed.1)/EN 62109-2:2011 test report	N/A
	Unless otherwise specified in another part of IEC 62109, the following ratings, as applicable shall be marked on the equipment:		N/A
	- input voltage, type of voltage (a.c. or d.c.), frequency, and max. continuous current for each input		N/A
	- output voltage, type of voltage (a.c. or d.c.), frequency, max. continuous current, and for a.c. outputs, either the power or power factor for each output		N/A
	- the ingress protection (IP) rating as in 6.3 below		N/A
5.1.5	Fuse identification		P
	Marking shall be located adjacent to each fuse or fuseholder, or on the fuseholder, or in another location provided that it is obvious to which fuse the marking applies, giving the fuse current rating and where fuses of different voltage rating value could be fitted, the fuse voltage rating.	Fuse located on PCB and is not intended to be replaced by operators.	P
	Where fuses with special fusing characteristics such as time delay or breaking capacity are necessary, the type shall also be indicated		N/A
	For fuses not located in operator access areas and for soldered-in fuses located in operator access areas, it is permitted to provide an unambiguous cross-reference (for example, F1, F2, etc.) to the servicing instructions which shall contain the relevant information.		P
5.1.6	Terminals, Connections, and Controls		P

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	If necessary for safety, an indication shall be given of the purpose of Terminals, connectors, controls, and indicators, and their various positions, including any connections for coolant fluids such as water and drainage. The symbols in Annex C may be used, and where there is insufficient space, symbol 9 of Annex C may be used.	PV input: the input NO. are marked at each MPP tracker with marked with polarity + and -. DC switch is integrated in inverter, marked with DC switch. ON/OFF position is marked with ON/OFF. The AC output is connected by non-detachable cable with cable gland. For installation, pls. refer to installation manual. The symbol from Table C-7 is used for the PE and green-yellow wire used as well.	P
	Push-buttons and actuators of emergency stop devices, and indicator lamps used only to indicate a warning of danger or the need for urgent action shall be coloured red.	Indicator lamps used for dangerous failure	P
	A multiple-voltage unit shall be marked to indicate the particular voltage for which it is set when shipped from the factory. The marking is allowed to be in the form of a paper tag or any other non-permanent material.		P
	A unit with d.c. terminals shall be plainly marked indicating the polarity of the connections, with:		P
	- the sign “+“ for positive and “-“, for negative; or	Polarity marked with +/-	P
	- a pictorial representation illustrating the proper polarity where the correct polarity can be unambiguously determined from the representation		N/A
5.1.6.1	Protective Conductor Terminals	symbol 7 of Annex C adjacent to earth terminal	P
	The means of connection for the protective earthing conductor shall be marked with:		P
	- symbol 7 of Annex C; or		P
	- the letters “PE“; or		N/A
	- the colour coding green-yellow.		N/A
5.1.7	Switches and circuit-breakers	The components DC switch is integrated in inverter. Output overcurrent protection maybe provided by external circuit breaker with rating @ 125A specified in user manual in additional to the internal protection of inverter.	P

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	The on and off-positions of switches and circuits breakers shall be clearly marked. If a push-button switch is used as the power switch, symbols 10 and 16 of Annex C may be used to indicate the on-position, or symbols 11 and 17 to indicate the off-position, with the pair of symbols (10 and 16, or 11 and 17) close together.	DC switches integrated in PCE, On and Off position marking on PCE clearly with OFF/ON	P
5.1.8	Class II Equipment	Class I	N/A
	Equipment using Class II protective means throughout shall be marked with symbol 12 of Annex C. Equipment which is only partially protected by DOUBLE INSULATION or REINFORCED INSULATION shall not bear symbol 12 of Table Annex C.		N/A
	Where such equipment has provision for the connection of an earthing conductor for functional reasons (see 7.3.6.4) it shall be marked with symbol 6 of Annex C		N/A
5.1.9	Terminal boxes for External Connections		P
	Where required by note 1 of Table 2 as a result of high temperatures of terminals or parts in the wiring compartment, there shall be a marking, visible beside the terminal before connection, of either:		P
	a) the minimum temperature Rating and size of the cable to be connected to the TERMINALS; or		N/A
	b) a marking to warn the installer to consult the installation instruction. Symbol 9 of Table D-1 is an acceptable marking	Symbol 9 of Table C  marked on label	P
5.2	Warning markings		P
5.2.1	Visibility and legibility requirements for warning markings		P
	Warning markings shall be legible, and shall have minimum dimensions as follows:		P
	- Printed symbols shall be at least 2,75 mm high		N/A
	- Printed text characters shall be at least 1.5 mm high and shall contrast in colour with the background		P
	- Symbols or text that are moulded, stamped or engraved in a material shall have a character height of at least 2,0 mm, and if not contrasting in colour from the background, shall have a depth or raised height of at least 0,5 mm.		P

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	If it is necessary to refer to the instruction manual to preserve the protection afforded by the equipment, the equipment shall be marked with symbol 9 of Annex C		P
	Symbol 9 of Annex C is not required to be used adjacent to symbols that are explained in the manual	explained in the manual	P
5.2.2	Content for warning markings	See warning marking and user manual	P
5.2.2.1	Ungrounded heat sinks and similar parts	With grounded heat sink and similar metal parts	N/A
	An ungrounded heat sink or other part that may be mistaken for a grounded part and involves a risk of electric shock in accordance with 7.3 shall be marked with symbol 13 of Annex C, or equivalent. The marking may be on or adjacent to the heat sink and shall be clearly visible when the PCE is disassembled to the extent that a risk of contact with the heat sink exists.		N/A
5.2.2.2	Hot Surfaces		P
	A part of the PCE that exceeds the temperature limits specified in 4.3.2 shall be marked with symbol 14 of Annex C or equivalent.	“hot surface” symbol used in warning marking	P
5.2.2.3	Coolant	Air cooling	N/A
	A unit containing coolant that exceeds 70 °C shall be legibly marked externally where readily visible after installation with symbol 15 of Annex C. The documentation shall provide a warning regarding the risk of burns from hot coolant, and either:		N/A
	a) statement that coolant system servicing is to be done only by SERVICE PERSONNEL, or		N/A
	b) instructions for safe venting, draining, or otherwise working on the cooling system, if these operations can be performed without OPERATOR access to HAZARDS internal to the equipment		N/A
5.2.2.4	Stored energy		P
	Where required by 7.3.9.2 or 7.4.2 the PCE shall be marked with Symbol 21 of Annex C and the time to discharge capacitors to safe voltage and energy levels shall accompany the symbol.	 Symbol  used for warning on marking plate for installation, operation and maintenance.	P
5.2.2.5	Motor guarding	No energy with power source removed for internal cooling fan	N/A

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	Where required by 8.2 a marking shall be provided where it is visible to service personnel before removal of a guard, warning of the hazard and giving instructions for safe servicing (for example disconnection of the source before removing the guard).		P
5.2.3	Sonic hazard markings and instructions	Measured <<80dBA@1m, no hazard	N/A
	If required by 10.2.1 a PCE shall:		N/A
	a) be marked to warn the operator of the sonic pressure hazard; or		N/A
	b) be provided with installation instructions that specify how the installer can ensure that the sound pressure level from equipment at its point of use after installation, will not reach a value, which could cause a hazard. These instructions shall include the measured sound pressure level, and shall identify readily available and practicable protective materials or measures which may be used.		N/A
5.2.4	Equipment with multiple sources of supply	PV ,battery and mains as sources of supply	P
	A PCE with connections for multiple energy sources shall be marked with symbol 13 of Annex C and the manual shall contain the information required in 5.3.4.	Symbol 13 of Annex C used, and with the following substance in manual: Both ac and dc voltage sources are terminated inside this equipment. Each circuit must be individually disconnected before servicing. When the photovoltaic array is exposed to light, it supplies a dc voltage to this equipment.	P
	The symbol shall be located on the outside of the unit or shall be prominently visible behind any cover giving access to hazardous parts.	Located outside of the unit	P
5.2.5	Excessive touch current	Max. measured <3,5mA r.m.s. Permanently connected wiring and a cross-section of the protective earthing conductor of at least 4-6 mm ² if copper required in user manual; additional second protective earthing terminal provided on enclosure as well	P
	Where required by 7.3.6.3.7 the PCE shall be marked with symbol 15 of Annex C. See also 5.3.2 for information to be provided in the installation manual.	symbol 15 of Annex C marked information refer to user manual	P
5.3	Documentation		P

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
5.3.1	General		P
	The documentation provided with the PCE shall provide the information needed for the safe operation, installation, and (where applicable) maintenance of the equipment. The documentation shall include the items required in 5.3.2 through 5.3.4, and the following:		P
	a) explanations of equipment makings, including symbols used	Refer to user manual	P
	b) location and function of terminals and controls		P
	c) all ratings or specifications that are necessary to safely install and operate the PCE, including the following environmental ratings along with an explanation of their meaning and any resulting installation requirements:	As specified in user manual, refer to "Technical data"	P
	– ENVIRONMENTAL CATEGORY as per 6.1	Meet requirements for outdoor use	P
	– WET LOCATIONS classification for the intended external environment as per 6.1	Meet requirements for wet location use	P
	– POLLUTION DEGREE classification for the intended external environment as per 6.2	3	P
	– INGRESS PROTECTION rating as per 6.3	IP65	P
	– Ambient temperature and relative humidity ratings	-25°C...+60°C Relative humidity:0...100%	P
	– MAXIMUM altitude rating	<4000	P
	– OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY assigned to each input and output port as per 7.3.7.1.2, accompanied by guidance regarding how to ensure that the installation complies with the required overvoltage categories;	PV, Battery: II Mains: III	P
	d) a warning that when the photovoltaic array is exposed to light, it supplies a d.c. voltage to the PCE	Refer to user manual	P
5.3.1.1	Language	English, German shall be provided for Germany market	P
	Instructions related to safety shall be in a language that is acceptable in the country where the equipment is to be installed.		P
5.3.1.2	Format	Documentation provided in printed form and is to be delivered with the equipment	P
	In general, the documentation must be provided in printed form and is to be delivered with the equipment.		P

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	For equipment which requires the use of a computer for both installation and operation, documentation may be provided in electronic format without accompanying printed format.		N/A
5.3.2	Information related to installation	As specified in user manual, refer to information related to installation	P
	The documentation shall include installation and where applicable, specific commissioning instructions and, if necessary for safety, warnings against hazards which could arise during installation or commissioning of the equipment. The information provided shall include:		P
	a) assembly, location, and mounting requirements;		P
	b) ratings and means of connection to each source of supply and any requirements related to wiring and external controls, colour coding of leads, disconnection means, or overcurrent protection needed, including instructions that the installation position shall not prevent access to the disconnection means;		P
	c) ratings and means of connection of any outputs from the PCE, and any requirements related to wiring and external controls, colour coding of leads, or overcurrent protection needed;		P
	d) explanation of the pin-out of connectors for external connections, unless the connector is used for a standard purpose (e.g. RS 232)		P
	e) ventilation requirements;		P
	f) requirements for special services, for example cooling liquid;		P
	g) instructions and information relating to sound pressure level if required by 10.2.1;	Measured <<80dBA@1m	N/A
	h) where required by 14.8.1.3, instructions for the adequate ventilation of the room or location in which PCE containing vented or valve-regulated batteries is located, to prevent the accumulation of hazardous gases;	No such components	N/A
	i) tightening torque to be applied to wiring terminals;		P
	j) values of backfeed short-circuit currents available from the PCE on input and output conductors under fault conditions, if those currents exceed the max. rated current of the circuit, as per 4.4.4.6;		P

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	k) for each input to the PCE, the max value of short-circuit current available from the source, for which the PCE is designed; and		P
	l) compatibility with RCD and RCM;		P
	m) instructions for protective earthing, including the information required by 7.3.6.3.7 if a second protective earthing conductor is to be installed:		P
	n) where required by 7.3.8, the installation instructions shall include the following or equivalent wording:		N/A
	“This product can cause a d.c. current in the external protective earthing conductor. Where a residual current-operated protective (RCD) or monitoring (RCM) device is used for protection in a case of direct or indirect contact, only an RCD or RCM of Type B is allowed on the supply side of this product.”		N/A
	o) for PCE intended to charge batteries, the battery nominal voltage rating, size, and type	No charged battery	N/A
	p) PV array configuration information, such as ratings, whether the array is to be grounded or floating, any external protection devices needed, etc.		P
5.3.3	Information related to operation	As specified in user manual, refer to information related to operation	P
	Instructions for use shall include any operating instructions necessary to ensure safe operation, including the following, as applicable:		P
	- Instructions for adjustment of controls including the effects of adjustment;		P
	- Instructions for interconnection to accessories and other equipment, including indication of suitable accessories, detachable parts and any special materials;		P
	- Warnings regarding the risk of burns from surfaces permitted to exceed the temperature limits of 4.3.2 and required operator actions to reduce the risk; and		P
	- Instructions, that if the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.		P
5.3.4	Information related to maintenance	Maintenance made only by professional service personal who is familiar with product	P

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	Maintenance instructions shall include the following:		P
	- Intervals and instructions for any preventive maintenance that is required to maintain safety (for example air filter replacement or periodic re-tightening of terminals);		P
	- Instructions for accessing operator access areas, if any are present, including a warning not to enter other areas of the equipment;		P
	- Part numbers and instructions for obtaining any required operator replaceable parts;		P
	- Instructions for safe cleaning (if recommended)		P
	- Where there is more than one source of supply energizing the PCE, information shall be provided in the manual to indicate which disconnect device or devices are required to be operated in order to completely isolate the equipment.		P
5.3.4.1	Battery maintenance	Without battery	N/A
	Where required by 14.8.5, the documentation shall include the applicable items from the following list of instructions regarding maintenance of batteries:		N/A
	- Servicing of batteries should be performed or supervised by personnel knowledgeable about batteries and the required precautions		N/A
	- When replacing batteries, replace with the same type and number of batteries or battery packs		N/A
	- General instructions regarding removal and installation of batteries		N/A
	- CAUTION: Do not dispose of batteries in a fire. The batteries may explode.		N/A
	- CAUTION: Do not open or damage batteries. Released electrolyte is harmful to the skin and eyes. It may be toxic.		N/A
	- CAUTION: A battery can present a risk of electrical shock and high short-circuit current. The following precautions should be observed when working on batteries:		N/A
	a) Remove watches, rings, or other metal objects.		N/A
	b) Use tools with insulated handles.		N/A
	c) Wear rubber gloves and boots.		N/A
	d) Do not lay tools or metal parts on top of batteries		N/A

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	e) Disconnect charging source prior to connecting or disconnecting battery terminals		N/A
	f) Determine if battery is inadvertently grounded. If inadvertently grounded, remove source from ground. Contact with any part of a grounded battery can result in electrical shock. The likelihood of such shock can be reduced if such grounds are removed during installation and maintenance (applicable to equipment and remote battery supplies not having a grounded supply circuit).		N/A
6	ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS		P
	The manufacturer shall rate the PCE for the following environmental conditions:		P
	– ENVIRONMENTAL CATEGORY, as in 6.1 below	Meet requirements for outdoor use	P
	– Suitability for WET LOCATIONS or not	Meet requirements for wet location use	P
	– POLLUTION DEGREE rating in 6.2 below	PD 3 external, PD 2 internal (IP65 enclosure and an additional preventative conformal coating approved by UL is provided on PCB and PCB components)	P
	– INGRESS PROTECTION (IP) rating, as in 6.3 below	IP65	P
	– Ultraviolet (UV) exposure rating, as in 6.4 below	Metal enclosure used except with plastic window, DC switch, DC connector, AC cable gland, communication coupler with polymeric material UV resistant.	P
	– Ambient temperature and relative humidity ratings, as in 6.5 below	-25°C...+60°C Relative humidity:0...100%	P
6.1	Environmental categories and minimum environmental conditions		P
6.1.1	Outdoor		P
6.1.2	Indoor, unconditioned		N/A
6.1.3	Indoor, conditioned		N/A
6.2	Pollution degree	PD 3 external, PD 2 internal (IP65 enclosure and an additional preventative conformal coating approved by UL is provided on PCB and PCB components)	P
6.3	Ingress Protection	IP65	P

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
6.4	UV exposure	Metal enclosure used except with plastic window, DC switch, DC connector, AC cable gland, communication coupler with polymeric material UV resistant.	P
6.5	Temperature and humidity	-25°C...+60°C Relative humidity:0...100%	P

7	PROTECTION AGAINST ELECTRIC SHOCK AND ENERGY HAZARDS		P
7.1	General	See 7.3.7 Table: Clearance and creepage distance measurement “insulation diagram”	P
7.2	Fault conditions	See single fault tests	P
7.3	Protection against electric shock		P
7.3.1	General		P
7.3.2	Decisive voltage classification	Accessible communication circuit: DVC A; Power circuit and other circuits: DVC B, DVC C	P
7.3.2.1	Use of decisive voltage class (DVC)	See 7.3.7 Table: Clearance and creepage distance measurement “insulation diagram”	P
7.3.2.2	Limits of DVC (according table 6)	Accessible circuit : below 16VAC r.m.s, 22,6VAC peak and 35VDC under both normal and single fault conditions	P
7.3.2.3	Short-terms limits of accessible voltages under fault conditions		P
7.3.2.4	Requirements for protection (according table 7)	See 7.3.7 Table: Clearance and creepage distance measurement “insulation diagram”	P
7.3.2.5	Connection to PELV and SELV circuits	The PELV or SELV classification of the external circuit is not changed and the DVC classification of the external port of the PCE is not changed	P
7.3.2.6	Working voltage and DVC		P
7.3.2.6.1	General		P
7.3.2.6.2	AC working voltage (see Figure 2)	AC Vmax: 253V considered for insulation with tolerance ±10%	P
7.3.2.6.3	DC working voltage (see Figure 3)	DC Vmax: 600V considered for insulation	P
7.3.2.6.4	Pulsating working voltage (see Figure 4)		N/A

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
7.3.3	protective separation		P
	Protective separation shall be achieved by:		P
	§ double or reinforced insulation, or		P
	§ protective screening, i.e. by a conductive screen connected to earth by protective bonding in the PCE, or connected to the protective earth conductor itself, whereby the screen is separated from live parts by at least basic insulation, or		N/A
	§ protective impedance comprising limitation of current per 7.3.5.3 and of discharged energy per 7.3.5.4, or		N/A
	§ limitation of voltage according to 7.3.5.4.		N/A
	The protective separation shall be fully and effectively maintained under all conditions of intended use of the PCE		P
7.3.4	Protection against direct contact	Well earthed metal housing used. See 7.3.7 Table: Clearance and creepage distance measurement “insulation diagram”	P
7.3.4.1	General		P
	Protection against direct contact is employed to prevent persons from touching live parts that do not meet the requirements of 7.3.5 and shall be provided by one or more of the measure given in 7.3.4.2 (enclosures and barriers) and 7.3.4.3 (insulation).		P
	Open type sub-assemblies and devices do not require protective measures against direct contact but the instruction provided with the equipment must indicate that such measures must be provided in the end equipment or in the installation.		N/A
	Product intended for installation in CLOSED ELECTRICAL OPERATING AREAS, (see 3.9) need not have protective measures against direct contact, except as required by 7.3.4.2.4.		N/A
7.3.4.2	Protection by means of enclosures and barriers	IP65	P
	The following requirements apply where protection against contact with live parts is provided by enclosures or barriers, not by insulation in accordance with 7.3.4.3.		P
7.3.4.2.1	General		P
	Parts of enclosures and barriers that provide protection in accordance with these requirements shall not be removable without the use of a tool (see 7.3.4.2.3).		P

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	Polymeric materials used to meet these requirements shall also meet the requirements of 13.6	Display cover	P
7.3.4.2.2	Access probe criteria	IP65	P
	Protection is considered to be achieved when the separation between the test probes and live parts, when tested as described below, is as follows:		P
	a) decisive voltage classification A, (DVC A) - the probe may touch the live parts	Communication interface	P
	b) decisive voltage classification B, (DVC B) - the probe must not touch bare live parts	Not access	P
	c) decisive voltage classification C, (DVC C) – the probe must have adequate clearance to live parts, based on the clearance for Basic insulation using the recurring peak working voltage involved,	Not access	P
7.3.4.2.3	Access probe tests		P
	Compliance with 7.3.4.2.1 is checked by all of the following:		P
	a) Inspection; and		P
	b) Tests with the test finger (Figure D.1) and test pin (Figure D.2) of 0E, the results of which shall comply with the requirements of 7.3.4.2.1 a), b), and c) as applicable. Probe tests are performed on openings in the enclosures after removal of parts that can be detached or opened by an operator without the use of a tool, including fuseholders, and with operator access doors and covers open. It is permitted to leave lamps in place for this test. Connectors that can be separated by an operator without use of a tool, shall also be tested during and after disconnection. Any movable parts are to be put in the most unfavourable position.	IP65 without openings on enclosure, for mechanical enclosure test finger cannot access to live parts and approved external connecting device used.	P
	The test finger and the test pin are applied as above, without appreciable force, in every possible position, except that floor-standing equipment having a mass exceeding 40 kg is not tilted.		P
	Equipment intended for building-in or rack mounting, or for incorporation in larger equipment, is tested with access to the equipment limited according to the method of mounting detailed in the installation instructions.		N/A

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	c) Openings preventing the entry of the jointed test finger (Figure E-1 of 0E) during test b) above, are further tested by means of straight unjointed test finger (Figure E-3 of 0E), applied with a force of 30 N. If the unjointed finger enters, the test with the jointed finger is repeated except that the finger is applied using any necessary force up to 30 N.		P
	d) In addition to a) – c) above, top surfaces of enclosure shall be tested with the IP3X probe of IEC 60529. The test probe shall not penetrate the top surface of the enclosure when probed from the vertical direction $\pm 5^\circ$ only.	IP65 without openings on top enclosure	N/A
7.3.4.2.4	Service access areas	The manufacturer's manual with the following substance: No use-serviceable parts inside, before servicing and in the event of internal malfunction the unit, send the inverter to authorized representative or manufacture! Never operate this product and change any part of inverter by yourself. Only trained and authorized professional personnel who are familiar with the requirements of safety is allowed to perform servicing and maintenance work. Always disconnect the unit from the MAINS and PV supply by the external customer installed disconnecting devices before installation, servicing and maintenance works	N/A
7.3.4.3	Protection by means of insulation of live parts	See 7.3.7 Table: Clearance and creepage distance measurement "insulation diagram"	P
	Where the requirements of 7.3.4.2 are not met, live parts shall be provided with insulation if:		P
	– their working voltage is greater than the maximum limit of decisive voltage class A, or		P
	– for a DVC A or B circuit, protective separation from adjacent circuit of DVC C is not provided (see note "†" under Table 7)		P

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
7.3.5	Protection in case of direct contact	See 7.3.7 Table: Clearance and creepage distance measurement “insulation diagram”	P
7.3.5.1	General		P
	Protection in case of direct contact is required to ensure that contact with live parts does not produce a shock hazard.		P
	The protection against direct contact according to 7.3.4 is not required if the circuit contacted is separated from other circuits according to 7.3.2.3, and:		P
	– is of decisive voltage class A and complies with 7.3.5.2, or		P
	– is provided with protective impedance according to 7.3.5.3, or		N/A
	– is limited in voltage according to 7.3.5.4		N/A
	In addition to the measures as given in 7.3.5.2 to 7.3.5.4, it shall be ensured that in the event of error or polarity reversal of connectors no voltages that exceed DVC A can be connected into a circuit with protective separation. This applies for example to plug-in-sub-assemblies or other plug-in devices which can be plugged-in without the use of a tool (key) or which are accessible without the use of a tool.		N/A
	Conformity is checked by visual inspection and trial insertion.		P
7.3.5.2	Protection using decisive voltage class A	Communication interface	P
7.3.5.3	Protection by means of protective impedance		N/A
	Circuits and conductive parts do not require protection against direct contact if any connection to circuits of DVC-B or DVC-C is through protective impedance, and the accessible circuit or part is otherwise provided with protective separation from circuits of DVC-B or DVC-C according 7.3.3.		N/A
7.3.5.3.1	Limitation of current through protective impedance		N/A
	The current available through protective impedance to earth and between simultaneously accessible parts, measured at the accessible live parts, shall not exceed a value of 3,5 mA a.c. or 10 mA d.c. under normal and single-fault conditions.		N/A
7.3.5.3.2	Limitation of discharging energy through protective impedance		N/A

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	The discharging energy available between simultaneously accessible parts protected by protective impedance shall not exceed the charging voltage and capacitance limits given in Table 9, which applies to both wet and dry locations, under normal and single fault conditions. Refer to figure 8.		N/A
7.3.5.4	Protection by means of limited voltages		N/A
	That portion of a circuit that has its voltage reduced to DVC-A by a voltage divider that complies with the following requirements, and that is otherwise provided with protective separation from circuits of DVC-B or DVC-C according to 7.3.3, does not require protection against direct contact.		N/A
	The voltage divider shall be designed so that under normal and single fault conditions, including faults in the voltage division circuit, the voltage across the output of the voltage divider does not exceed the limit for DVC-A.		N/A
	This type of protection shall not be used in case of protective class II or unearthed circuits, because it relies on protective earth being connected.		N/A
7.3.6	Protection against indirect contact	See 7.3.7 Table: Clearance and creepage distance measurement “insulation diagram”	P
7.3.6.1	General		P
	Protection against indirect contact is required to prevent shock- hazardous current being accessible from conductive parts during an insulation failure. This protection shall comply with the requirements for protective class I (basic insulation plus protective earthing), class II (double or reinforced insulation) or class III (limitation of voltages)	protective class I: basic insulation plus protective earthing; protective class II part(PV connector, DC switch, LED cover): reinforced insulation protective class III part(operator access communication port): DVC A	P
	That part of a PCE meets the requirements of 7.3.6.2 and 7.3.6.3 is defined as protective class I		P
	That part of a PCE meets the requirements of 7.3.6.4 is defined as protective class II.	Plastic window, DC switch and PV connector, AC connector.	P
	That part of PCE which meets the requirements of decisive voltage class A and in which no hazardous voltages are derived, is defined as protective class III. No shock hazard is present in such circuits.		P
	Where protection against indirect contact is dependent on means provided during installation, the installation instructions shall provide details of the required means and shall indicate the associated hazards.		N/A

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
7.3.6.2	Insulation between live parts and accessible conductive parts	See 7.3.7 Table: Clearance and creepage distance measurement “insulation diagram”	P
	Accessible conductive parts of equipment shall be separated from live parts by insulation meeting the requirements of Table 7 or by clearances as specified in 7.3.7.4 and creepages as specified in 7.3.7.5		P
7.3.6.3	Protective class I – Protective bonding and earthing		P
7.3.6.3.1	General		P
	Equipment of protective class I shall be provided with protective earthing, and with protective bonding to ensure electrical contact between accessible conductive parts and the means of connection for the external protective earthing conductor, except bonding is not required for:	PE arrangement: external protective earthing is to be connected to terminal near AC terminal block, and an external second protective earthing conductor is bonded to metal case through locking washer, nut, isolating washer and UL approved ring terminal, refer to installation manual	P
	a) accessible conductive parts that are protected by one of the measures in 7.3.5.2 to 7.3.5.4, or	DVC A	P
	b) accessible conductive parts are separated from live parts of DVC-B or -C using double or reinforced insulation.		P
7.3.6.3.2	Requirements for protective bonding		P
	Electrical contact with the means of connection of the external protective earthing conductor shall be achieved by one or more of the following means:		P
	a) through direct metallic contact;	As tightening with torque specified in user manual	P
	b) through other conductive parts which are not removed when the PCE or sub-units are used as intended ;		N/A
	c) through a dedicated protective bonding conductor;		P
	d) through other metallic components of the PCE		N/A
	Where direct metallic contact is used and one or both of the parts involved is painted or coated, the paint or coating shall be removed in the area of contact, or reliably penetrated, to ensure metal to metal contact.	the paint removed in the area of contact	P
	For moving or removable parts, hinges or sliding contacts designed and maintained to have a low resistance are examples of acceptable means if they comply with the requirements of 7.3.6.3.3.		N/A

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	Metal ducts of flexible or rigid construction and metallic sheaths shall not be used as protective bonding conductors, unless the device or material has been investigated as suitable for protective bonding purposes.		N/A
7.3.6.3.3	Rating of protective bonding	See appended table 7.3.6.3.3	P
	Protective bonding shall withstand the highest thermal and dynamic stresses that can occur to the PCE item(s) concerned when they are subjected to a fault connecting live parts to accessible conductive parts. The protective bonding shall remain effective for as long as a fault to the accessible conductive parts persists or until an upstream protective device removes power from the part.		P
	Protective bonding shall meet following requirements:		P
	a) For PCE with an overcurrent protective device rating of 16 A or less, the impedance of the protective bonding means shall not exceed 0,1 Ω during or at the end of the test below.		N/A
	b) For PCE with an overcurrent protective device rating of more than 16 A, the voltage drop in the protective bonding test shall not exceed 2,5 V during or at the end of the test below.		N/A
	As alternative to a) and b) the protective bonding may designed according to the requirements for the external protective earthing conductor in 7.3.6.3.5, in which case no testing is required.	See 7.3.6.3.5	P
	The impedance of protective bonding means shall be checked by passing a test current through the bond for a period of time as specified below. The test current is based on the rating of the overcurrent protection for the equipment or part of the equipment under consideration, as follows:		P
	a) For pluggable equipment type A, the overcurrent protective device is that provided external to the equipment (for example, in the building wiring, in the mains plug or in an equipment rack);		N/A
	b) For pluggable equipment type B and fixed equipment, the maximum rating of the overcurrent protective device specified in the equipment installation instructions to be provided external to the equipment;		P
	c) For a circuit or part of the equipment for which an overcurrent protective device is provided as part of the equipment, the rating of the provided overcurrent device.		N/A

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	Voltages are measured from the protective earthing terminal to all parts whose protective bonding means are being considered. The impedance of the protective earthing conductor is not included in the measurement. However, if the protective earthing conductor is supplied with the equipment, it is permitted to include the conductor in the test circuit but the measurement of the voltage drop is made only from the main protective earthing terminal to the accessible part required to be earthed.		P
	On equipment where the protective earth connection to a subassembly or to a separate unit is part of a cable that also supplies power to that subassembly or unit, the resistance of the protective bonding conductor in that cable is not included in the protective bond impedance measurements for the subassembly or separate unit, as shown in Figure 11. However, this option is only permitted if the cable is protected by a suitably rated protective device that takes into account the size of the conductor. Otherwise the impedance of the protective bonding conductor between the separate units is to be included, by measuring to the protective earthing terminal where the power source enters the first unit in the system, as shown in Figure 12.		N/A
7.3.6.3.3.1	Test current, duration, and acceptance criteria		P
	The test current, duration of the test and acceptance criteria are as follows:	(see appended table 7.3.6.3.3)	P
	a) For PCE with an overcurrent protective device rating of 16 A or less, the test current is 200% of the overcurrent protective device rating, but not less than 32 A, applied for 120s. The impedance of the protective bonding means during and at the end of the test shall not exceed 0,1 Ω .		N/A
	b) For PCE with an overcurrent protective device rating of more than 16 A, the test current is 200% of the overcurrent protective device rating and the duration of the test is as shown in Table 10 below. The voltage drop in the protective bonding means, during and at the end of the test, shall not exceed 2,5 V.		N/A
	c) During and after the test, there shall be no melting, loosening, or other damage that would impair the effectiveness of the protective bonding means.		P
	The test current is derived from an a.c or d.c supply source, the output of which is not earthed.		P

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	As an alternative to Table 10, where the time-current characteristic of the overcurrent protective device that limits the fault current in the protective bonding means is known because the device is either provided in the equipment or fully specified in the installation instructions, the test duration may be based on that specific device's time-current characteristic,. The tests are conducted for a duration corresponding to the 200% current value on the time-current characteristic.		N/A
7.3.6.3.4	Protective bonding impedance (routine test)	Manufacturer's work instruction and declaration based on this clause	N/A
	If the continuity of the protective bonding is achieved at any point by a single means only (for example a single conductor or single fastener), or if the PCE is assembled at the installation location, then the impedance of the protective bonding shall also be tested as a routine test. The test shall be as in 7.3.6.3.3, except for the following:		N/A
	§ the test current may be reduced to any convenient value greater than 10 A sufficient to allow measurement or calculation of the impedance of the protective bonding means:		N/A
	§ the test duration may be reduced to no less than 2 s		N/A
	For equipment subject to the type test in 7.3.6.3.3.1a), the impedance during the routine test shall not exceed 0,1Ω.		N/A
	For equipment subject to the type test in 7.3.6.3.3.1b) the impedance during the routine test shall not exceed 2,5 V divided by the test current required by 7.3.6.3.3.1b).		N/A
7.3.6.3.5	External protective earthing conductor	AC output cables required: Cu, L, N and PE(S: 4-6 mm ²) detail refer to user manual	P
	A protective earthing conductor shall be connected at all times when power is supplied to PCE of protective class I. Unless local wiring regulations state otherwise, the protective earthing conductor cross-sectional area shall be determined from Table 11 or by calculation according to IEC 60364-5-54.		P
	If the external protective earthing conductor is routed through a plug and socket or similar means of disconnection, it shall not be possible to disconnect it unless power is simultaneously removed from the part to be protected.		N/A



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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	The cross-sectional area of every external protective earthing conductor which does not form part of the supply cable or cable enclosure shall, in any case, be not less than:	External cable prepared by Installer, should follow with this rule and user manual	P
	§ 2,5 mm ² if mechanical protection is provided;		P
	§ 4 mm ² if mechanical protection is not provided.		P
	For cord-connected equipment, provisions shall be made so that the external protective earthing conductor in the cord shall, in the case of failure of the strain-relief mechanism, be the last conductor to be interrupted.		P
7.3.6.3.6	Means of connection for the external protective earthing conductor	Connection means for main earthing conductor: separate terminal provided near the AC terminal block Connection means for second earthing conductor: terminal provided on enclosure through locking washer, nut, isolating washer and UL approved ring terminal	P
7.3.6.3.6.1	General		P
	The means of connection for the external protective earthing conductor shall be located near the terminals for the respective live conductors. The means of connections shall be corrosion-resistant and shall be suitable for the connection of cables according to 7.3.6.3.5. The means of connection for the protective earthing conductor shall not be used as a part of the mechanical assembly of the equipment or for other connections. A separate means of connection shall be provided for each external protective earthing conductor. Connection and bonding points shall be so designed that their current-carrying capacity is not impaired by mechanical, chemical, or electrochemical influences. Where enclosures and/or conductors of aluminium or aluminium alloys are used, particular attention should be given to the problems of electrolytic corrosion.		P
	The means of connection for the protective earthing conductor shall be permanently marked with:		P
	· symbol 7 of Annex C; or		P
	· the colour coding green-yellow		N/A
	Marking shall not be done on easily changeable parts such as screws.		P


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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
7.3.6.3.7	Touch current in case of failure of the protective earthing conductor		P
	The requirements of this sub-clause shall be satisfied to maintain safety in case of damage to or disconnection of the protective earthing conductor.		P
	For pluggable equipment type A, the touch current measured in accordance with 7.5.4 shall not exceed 3,5 mA a.c. or mA d.c.	Not a pluggable type A equipment	N/A
	For all other PCE, one or more of the following measure shall be applied, unless the touch current measured in accordance with 7.5.4 using the test network of IEC 60990 test figure 4 shall not exceed 3,5 mA a.c. or 10 mA d.c.	Max. measured <3,5mA r.m.s. after IP65, thermal testing, single fault, and humidity preconditioning, See 7.3.6.3.7 Table	P
	a) Permanently connected wiring, and:		P
	· a cross-section of the protective earthing conductor of at least 10 mm ² Cu or 16 mm ² Al; or		P
	· automatic disconnection of the supply in case of discontinuity of the protective earthing conductor; or		N/A
	· provision of an additional terminal for a second protective earthing conductor of the same cross-sectional area as the original protective earthing conductor and installation instruction requiring a second protective earthing conductor to be installed or	A second protective earthing terminal provided on the enclosure.	P
	b) Connection with an industrial connector according to IEC 60309 and a minimum protective earthing conductor cross-section of 2,5 mm ² as part of a multi-conductor power cable. Adequate strain relief shall be provided.		N/A
	In addition, the caution symbol 15 of Annex C shall be fixed to the product and the installation manual shall provide details of the protective earthing measures required in the installation as required in 5.3.2.	Symbol 15 used in warning marking	P
	When it is intended and allowed to connect two or more PCEs in parallel using one common PE conductor, the above touch current requirements apply to the maximum number of the PCEs to be connected in parallel, unless one of the measures in a)	Not allowed	N/A
	or b) above is used. The maximum number of parallel PCEs is used in the testing and has to be stated in the installation manual.		N/A

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
7.3.6.4	Protective Class II – Double or Reinforced Insulation	protective class II part (display cover, DC switch, DC connector, operator access communication port): double/reinforced insulation	P
	Equipment or parts of equipment designed for protective class II shall have insulation between live parts and accessible surfaces in accordance with 7.3.4.3. The following requirements also apply:		P
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> equipment designed to protective class II shall not have means of connection for the external protective earthing conductor. However this does not apply if the external protective earthing conductor is passed through the equipment to equipment series-connected beyond it. In the latter event, the external protective earthing conductor and its means for connection shall be insulated with basic insulation from the accessible surface of the equipment and from circuits that employ protective separation, extra-low voltage, protective impedance and limited discharging energy, according to 7.3.5. This basic insulation shall correspond to the rated voltage of the series-connected equipment; 	protective class II part (display cover, DC switch, DC connector, operator access communication port): double/reinforced insulation	P
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> metal-encased equipment of protective class II may have provision on its enclosure for the connection of an equipotential bonding conductor; 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> equipment of protective class II may have provision for the connection of an earthing conductor for functional reasons or for damping of overvoltages; it shall, however, be insulated as though it is a live part; 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> equipment employing protective class II shall be marked according to 5.1.8. 	Class I equipment	N/A
7.3.7	Insulation Including Clearance and Creepage Distance	See 7.3.7 Table: Clearance and creepage distance measurement “insulation diagram”	P
7.3.7.1	General		P
	This subclause gives minimum requirements for insulation, based on the principles of IEC 60664.		P
	Manufacturing tolerances shall be taken into account during measurement of creepage, clearance, and insulation distance in the PCE.		P
	Insulation shall be selected after consideration of the following influences:		P

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	· pollution degree	PD 3 external, PD 2 internal(IPX6 enclosure and an additional preventative conformal coating approved by UL is provided on PCB and PCB components)	P
	· overvoltage category	PV: II; Mains: III	P
	· supply earthing system	IT	P
	· insulation voltage	600VDC(PV) and 300VAC(Mains)	P
	· location of insulation	See 7.3.7 Table: Clearance and creepage distance measurement “insulation diagram”	P
	· type of insulation	See 7.3.7 Table: Clearance and creepage distance measurement “insulation diagram”	P
	Compliance of insulation, creepage distances, and clearance distances, shall be verified by measurement or visual inspection, and the tests of 7.5.		P
7.3.7.1.3	Supply earthing systems		P
	Three basic types of earthing system are described in IEC 60364-1. They are:		P
	· TN system: has one point directly earthed, the accessible conductive parts of the installation being connected to that point by protective conductors. Three types of TN systems, TN-C, TN-S and TN-C-S, are defined according to the arrangement of the neutral and protective conductor.		N/A
	· TT system: has one point directly earthed, the accessible conductive parts of the installation being connected to earth electrodes electrically independent of the earth electrodes of the power system;		N/A
	· IT system: has all live parts isolated from earth or one point connected to earth through an impedance, the accessible conductive parts of the installation being earthed independently or collectively to the earthing system.		P
7.3.7.1.4	Insulation voltages		P
	Table 12 makes use of the circuit system voltage and overvoltage category to define the impulse withstands voltage and the temporary overvoltage.		P
7.3.7.2	Insulation between a circuit and its surroundings		P

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
7.3.7.2.1	General	300 V(TN), OVC III (4000 V impulse voltage, 1500 Vrms temporary overvoltage) for the AC output terminal and 600 V, OVC II (3122 V impulse voltage, no temporary overvoltage) for the PV input terminal	P
7.3.7.2.2	Circuits connected directly to the mains	System voltage for mains is 230 Vrms according to table 12.	P
7.3.7.2.3	Circuits other than mains circuits	System voltage for PV is 600 Vd.c.	P
7.3.7.2.4	Insulation between circuits	Impulse voltage (4000V), temporary overvoltage (1500 Vr.m.s) is calculated from table 12 for clearance. Working voltage (600 Vd.c.) across insulation is used for creepage	P
7.3.7.3	Functional insulating		P
7.3.7.4	Clearance distances		P
7.3.7.4.1	Determination		P
7.3.7.4.2	Electric field homogeneity	Inhomogeneous electric field is considered for PCE	N/A
7.3.7.4.3	Clearance to conductive enclosures		P
7.3.7.5	Creepage distances	(see appended table 7.3.7)	P
7.3.7.5.1	General	PV Maximum 600 Vd.c. system voltage is used for the RMS voltage across insulation	P
7.3.7.5.2	Voltage		P
7.3.7.5.3	Materials	Certified PWB of CTI I used. Other material are considered IIIb The inside parts are considered pollution degree 2	P
7.3.7.6	Coating	No coating provided insulation	N/A
7.3.7.7	PWB spacings for functional insulating		P
7.3.7.8	Solid insulating	(see appended table 7.3.7.8)	P
7.3.7.8.1	General		P
7.3.7.8.2	Requirements for electrical withstand capability of solid insulation		P
7.3.7.8.2.1	Basic, supplemental, reinforced, and double insulation		P
7.3.7.8.2.2	Functional insulation		P
7.3.7.8.3	Thin sheet or tape material		P
7.3.7.8.3.1	General		P

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
7.3.7.8.3.2	Material thickness not less than 0,2 mm		P
7.3.7.8.3.3	Material thickness less than 0,2 mm		P
7.3.7.8.3.4	Compliance		P
7.3.7.8.4	Printed wiring boards		P
7.3.7.8.4.1	General		P
7.3.7.8.4.2	Use of coating materials		N/A
7.3.7.8.5	Wound components		P
7.3.7.8.6	Potting materials	For potting material used cover protective optocoupler, used as solid insulation.	P
7.3.7.9	Insulation requirements above 30 kHz	Evaluated according to Annex G	P
7.3.8	Residual Current-operated protective (RCD) or monitoring (RCM) device compatibility		P
	RCD and RCM are used to provide protection against insulation faults in some domestic and industrial installations, additional to that provided by the installed equipment.	If an external RCD or residual current breaker is required, must follow with local regulation, type B should be used for main side.	P
7.3.9	Capacitor discharge		P
7.3.9.1	Operator access area		P
	Equipment shall be so designed that there is no risk of electric shock in operator access areas from charge stored on capacitors after disconnection of the PCE.	Not access for operator from outside.  Symbol used for warning on marking plate for installation, operation and maintenance.	P
7.3.9.2	Service access areas		P
	Capacitors located behind panels that are removable for servicing, installation, or disconnection shall present no risk of electric shock or energy hazard from charge stored on capacitors after disconnection of the PCE.	For repairing and internal maintenance, only by professional service personal who is familiar with product.  Symbol used for warning on marking plate for installation, operation and maintenance.	P
7.4	Protection against energy hazards		P
7.4.1	Determination of hazardous energy level		P
	A hazardous energy level is considered to exist if		P

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	a) The voltage is 2 V or more, and power available after 60 s exceeds 240 VA.	Access to internal power circuit, tool required. No user serviceable parts inside the device per manufacturer's manual. Operator access: communication interface circuit, external connecting device for PV generator and MAINs connection: approved installation coupler used or cable gland used	P
	b) The stored energy in a capacitor is at a voltage. U of 2 V or more, and the stored energy. E, calculated from the following equation, exceeds 20J: $E = 0,5 CU^2$		P
7.4.2	Operator Access Areas		P
	Equipment shall be so designed that there is no risk of energy hazard in operator access areas from accessible circuits.	Only access DVC A circuit (communication interface), no risk of energy hazard in operator access area from accessible circuits.	P
7.4.3	Services Access Areas	For repairing and internal maintenance, only by professional service personal who is familiar with product.  Symbol used for warning on marking plate for installation, operation and maintenance. <20J after 10 min inside	P
7.5	Electrical tests related to shock hazard	(see appended table 7.5)	P
7.5.1	Impulse voltage test (type test)		P
7.5.2	Voltage test (dielectric strength test)		P
7.5.2.1	Purpose of test		P
7.5.2.2	Value and type of test voltage		P
7.5.2.3	Humidity pre-conditioning		P
7.5.2.4	Performing the voltage test		P
7.5.2.5	Duration of the a.c. or d.c. voltage test		P
7.5.2.6	Verification of the a.c. or d.c. voltage test		P
7.5.3	Partial discharge test	(see appended table 7.5)	P
7.5.4	Touch current measurement (type test)		P

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	The touch current shall be measured if required by 7.3.6.3.7 and shall not be greater than 3.5 mA a.c. or 10 mA d.c. or special measures of protection as given in 7.3.6.3.7 are required.	Max. measured < 3,5mA r.m.s. after IP65, thermal testing, single fault, and humidity preconditioning, special measures of protection as given in 7.3.6.3.7 are required in user manual (see appended table 7.3.6.3.7)	P
	For type tests on PCE for which wet locations requirements apply according to 6.1, the humidity pre-conditioning of 4.5 shall be performed immediately prior to the touch current test.		P
7.5.5	Equipment with multiple sources of supply		P
8	PROTECTION AGAINST MECHANICAL HAZARDS		P
8.1	General		P
	Operation shall not lead to a mechanical HAZARD in NORMAL CONDITION or SINGLE FAULT CONDITION. Edges, projections, corners, openings, guards, handles and the like, that are accessible to the operator shall be smooth and rounded so as not to cause injury during normal use of the equipment.		P
	Conformity is checked as specified in 8.2 to 8.6.		P
8.2	Moving parts		N/A
	Moving parts shall not be able to crush, cut or pierce parts of the body of an OPERATOR likely to contact them, nor severely pinch the OPERATOR's skin. Hazardous moving parts of equipment, that is moving parts which have the potential to cause injury, shall be so arranged, enclosed or guarded as to provide adequate protection against the risk of personal injury.	No moving parts access from outside	N/A
8.2.1	Protection of service persons	Power sources need to be removed when servicing and no moving part inside	N/A
	Protection shall be provided such that unintentional contact with hazardous moving parts is unlikely during servicing operations. If a guard over a hazardous moving part may need to be removed for servicing, the marking of symbol 15 of Table D-1 shall be applied on or near the guard.		N/A
8.3	Stability		N/A
	Equipment and assemblies of equipment not secured to the building structure before operation shall be physically stable in NORMAL USE.	Wall mounting	N/A

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
8.4	Provisions for lifting and carrying		P
	If carrying handles or grips are fitted to, or supplied with, the equipment, they shall be capable of withstanding a force of four times the weight of the equipment.	Weight: 18.5kgx4 for from zero to full load in 5 s to 10 s, then maintained for 1 min, handles/grips not break loose from the equipment and not be any permanent distortion, cracking or other evidence of failure.	P
	Equipment or parts having a mass of 18 kg or more shall be provided with a means for lifting and carrying or directions shall be given in the manufacturer's documentation.		P
8.5	Wall mounting		P
	Mounting brackets on equipment intended to be mounted on a wall or ceiling shall withstand a force of four times the weight of the equipment.	Weight: 18.5kgx4 for from zero to full load in 5 s to 10 s, then maintained for 1 min, no damage to mounting brackets	P
8.6	Expelled parts		N/A
	Equipment shall contain or limit the energy of parts that could cause a HAZARD if expelled in the event of a fault.	No such parts	N/A
9	PROTECTION AGAINST FIRE HAZARDS		P
9.1	Resistance to fire		P
	This subclause specifies requirements intended to reduce the risk of ignition and the spread of flame, both within the equipment and to the outside, by the appropriate use of materials and components and by suitable construction.		P
9.1.1	Reducing the risk of ignition and spread of flame		P
	For equipment or a portion of equipment, there are two alternative methods of providing protection against ignition and spread of flame that could affect materials, wiring, wound components and electronic components such as integrated circuits, transistors, thyristors, diodes, resistors and capacitors.	Method 1 used	P
9.1.2	Conditions for a fire enclosure		P
	A FIRE ENCLOSURE is required for equipment or parts of equipment for which Method 2 is not fully applied and complied with.		P
9.1.2.1	Parts requiring a fire enclosure		P
	Except where Method 2 is used, or as permitted in 9.1.2.2, the following are considered to have a risk of ignition and, therefore, require a FIRE ENCLOSURE:		P

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– components in PRIMARY CIRCUITS		P
	– components in SECONDARY CIRCUITS supplied by power sources which exceed the limits for a LIMITED POWER SOURCE as specified in 9.2;		N/A
	– components in SECONDARY CIRCUITS supplied by a LIMITED POWER SOURCE as specified in 9.2, but not mounted on a material of FLAMMABILITY CLASS V-1;		N/A
	– components within a power supply unit or assembly having a limited power output complying with the criteria for a LIMITED POWER SOURCE as specified in 9.2, including overcurrent protective devices, limiting impedances, regulating networks and wiring, up to the point where the LIMITED POWER SOURCE output criteria are met;		N/A
	– components having unenclosed arcing parts, such as open switch and relay contacts and commutators, in a circuit at HAZARDOUS VOLTAGE or at a HAZARDOUS ENERGY LEVEL; and	DC switch with open-contacts and plastic components of fire enclosure located more than 13 mm through air from parts that arc under normal conditions	P
	– insulated wiring, except as permitted in 9.1.2.2.		P
9.1.2.2	Parts not requiring a fire enclosure		N/A
9.1.3	Materials requirements for protection against fire hazard		P
9.1.3.1	General		P
	ENCLOSURES, components and other parts shall be so constructed, or shall make use of such materials, that the propagation of fire is limited.		P
9.1.3.2	Materials for fire enclosures		P
	If an enclosure material is not classified as specified below, a test may be performed on the final enclosure or part of the enclosure, in which case the material shall additionally be subjected to periodic SAMPLE testing.		N/A
9.1.3.3	Materials for components and other parts outside fire enclosures	V-0 material used	P
	Except as otherwise noted below, materials for components and other parts (including MECHANICAL ENCLOSURES, ELECTRICAL ENCLOSURES and DECORATIVE PARTS); located outside FIRE ENCLOSURES, shall be of FLAMMABILITY CLASS HB.	Fire enclosure also as mechanical enclosure and electrical enclosure	P
9.1.3.4	Materials for components and other parts inside fire enclosures	All internal components are rated V-2 or better or mounded on PCB rated V-0.	P

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
9.1.3.5	Materials for air filter assemblies		N/A
9.1.4	Openings in fire enclosures	IP65 electrical enclosure without openings	N/A
9.1.4.1	General		N/A
	For equipment that is intended to be used or installed in more than one orientation as specified in the product documentation, the following requirements apply in each orientation.		N/A
	These requirements are in addition to those in the following sections:		N/A
	– 7.3.4, Protection against direct contact;		N/A
	– 7.4, Protection against energy hazards;		N/A
	– 13.5, Openings in enclosures		N/A
9.1.4.2	Side openings treated as bottom openings	Without side openings in fire enclosure	N/A
9.1.4.3	Openings in the bottom of a fire enclosure		N/A
	The bottom of a FIRE ENCLOSURE or individual barriers, shall provide protection against emission of flaming or molten material under all internal parts, including partially enclosed components or assemblies, for which Method 2 of 9.1.1 has not been fully applied and complied with.		N/A
9.1.4.4	Equipment for use in a CLOSED ELECTRICAL OPERATING AREA		N/A
	The requirements of 9.1.4.3 do not apply to FIXED EQUIPMENT intended only for use in a CLOSED ELECTRICAL OPERATING AREA and to be mounted on a concrete floor or other non-combustible surface. Such equipment shall be marked as follows:		N/A
	WARNING: FIRE HAZARD SUITABLE FOR MOUNTING ON CONCRETE OR OTHER NON-COMBUSTIBLE SURFACE ONLY		N/A
9.1.4.5	Doors or covers in fire enclosures		P
9.1.4.6	Additional requirements for openings in transportable equipment		N/A
9.2	LIMITED POWER SOURCES		P
9.2.1	General		P
9.2.2	Limited power source tests	(see appended table 9.2.2)	P
9.3	Short-circuit and overcurrent protection		P
9.3.1	General		P

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

	The PCE shall not present a hazard, under short-circuit or overcurrent conditions at any port, including phase-to-phase, phase-to-earth and phase-to-neutral, and adequate information shall be provided to allow proper selection of external wiring and external protective devices.		P
9.3.2	Protection against short-circuits and overcurrents shall be provided for all input circuits, and for output circuits that do not comply with the requirements for limited power sources in 9.2, except for circuits in which no overcurrent hazard is presented by short-circuits and overloads.		P
9.3.3	Protective devices provided or specified shall have adequate breaking capacity to interrupt the maximum short circuit current specified for the port to which they are connected. If protection that is provided integral to the PCE for an input port is not rated for the short-circuit current of the circuit in which it is used, the installation instructions shall specify that an upstream protective device, rated for the prospective short-circuit current of that port, shall be used to provide backup protection.		P

10	PROTECTION AGAINST SONIC PRESSURE HAZARDS		P
10.1	General		P
	The equipment shall provide protection against the effect of sonic pressure. Conformity tests are carried out if the equipment is likely to cause such HAZARDS.		P
10.2	Sonic pressure and Sound level	Measured <<80dBA@1m	P
10.2.1	Hazardous Noise Levels		N/A

11	PROTECTION AGAINST LIQUID HAZARDS		N/A
11.1	Liquid Containment, Pressure and Leakage	Without liquid containment system	N/A
	The liquid containment system components shall be compatible with the liquid to be used.		N/A
	There shall be no leakage of liquid onto live parts as a result of:		N/A
	a) Normal operation, including condensation;		N/A
	b) Servicing of the equipment; or		N/A
	c) Inadvertent loosening or detachment of hoses or other cooling system parts over time.		N/A
11.2	Fluid pressure and leakage		N/A
11.2.1	Maximum pressure		N/A

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
11.2.2	Leakage from parts		N/A
11.2.3	Overpressure safety device		N/A
11.3	Oil and grease	Not used	N/A
12	CHEMICAL HAZARDS		N/A
12.1	General		N/A
13	PHYSICAL REQUIREMENTS		P
13.1	Handles and manual controls		P
	Handles, knobs, grips, levers and the like shall be reliably fixed so that they will not work loose in normal use, if this might result in a hazard. Sealing compounds and the like, other than self-hardening resins, shall not be used to prevent loosening. If handles, knobs and the like are used to indicate the position of switches or similar components, it shall not be possible to fix them in a wrong position if this might result in hazard.	DC switch, PV connector ,Battery connector and Communication connector on bottom and cable gland	P
13.1.1	Adjustable controls	Without adjustable controls	N/A
13.2	Securing of parts		P
13.3	Provisions for external connections		P
13.3.1	General		P
13.3.2	Connection to an a.c. Mains supply	Terminal block for AC cable connection with cable gland for tightening	P
13.3.2.1	General		P
	For safe and reliable connection to a MAINS supply, equipment shall be provided with one of the following:		P
	– terminals or leads or a non-detachable power supply cord for permanent connection to the supply; or		P
	– a non-detachable power supply cord for connection to the supply by means of a plug		N/A
	– an appliance inlet for connection of a detachable power supply cord; or		N/A
	– a mains plug that is part of direct plug-in equipment as in 13.3.8		N/A
13.3.2.2	Permanently connected equipment		P
13.3.2.3	Appliance inlets		N/A
13.3.2.4	Power supply cord	Refer to user manual	N/A

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
13.3.2.5	Cord anchorages and strain relief	Not provided together with power cord for connecting to AC terminals, for installer, should be followed with user manual and test maybe confirmed	N/A
	For equipment with a non-detachable power supply cord, a cord anchorage shall be supplied such that:		N/A
	– the connecting points of the cord conductors are relieved from strain; and		N/A
	– the outer covering of the cord is protected from abrasion.		N/A
13.3.2.6	Protection against mechanical damage		P
13.3.3	Wiring terminals for connection of external conductors		P
13.3.3.1	Wiring terminals		P
13.3.3.2	Screw terminals		P
13.3.3.3	Wiring terminal sizes		P
13.3.3.4	Wiring terminal design		P
13.3.3.5	Grouping of wiring terminals	L+PE	P
13.3.3.6	Stranded wire		P
13.3.4	Supply wiring space		P
13.3.5	Wire bending space for wires 10 mm ² and greater		P
13.3.6	Disconnection from supply sources	Disconnect the unit from the MAINS by automatic disconnecting contactor in all live conductor and PV supply by the DC integrated switches	P
13.3.7	Connectors, plugs and sockets	Approved PV connector used	P
13.3.8	Direct plug-in equipment		P
13.4	Internal wiring and connections		P
13.4.1	General		P
13.4.2	Routing		P
13.4.3	Colour coding	Conductor having green-and-yellow insulation is used only for protective earthing and bonding connection	P
13.4.4	Splices and connections		P
13.4.5	Interconnections between parts of the PCE		P
13.5	Openings in enclosures		N/A
13.5.1	Top and side openings	IP65 enclosure without openings	N/A

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	Openings in the top and sides of ENCLOSURES shall be so located or constructed that it is unlikely that objects will enter the openings and create hazards by contacting bare conductive parts.		N/A
13.6	Polymeric Materials		P
13.6.1	General	UL approved material used. LED cover, DC switch, DC connector, communication port coupler, cable gland: V-0, suitable for outdoor use with respect to exposure to Ultraviolet Light, Water Exposure and Immersion in accordance with UL 746C	P
13.6.1.1	Thermal index or capability	Thermal index of Polymeric Materials used higher than the maximum measured operating temperature in heating test	P
13.6.2	Polymers serving as enclosures or barriers preventing access to hazards		N/A
13.6.2.1	Stress relief test		N/A
13.6.3	Polymers serving as solid insulation		P
13.6.3.1	Resistance to arcing		P
13.6.4	UV resistance		P
	Polymeric parts of an OUTDOOR ENCLOSURE required for compliance with this standard shall be sufficiently resistance to degradation by ultra-violet (UV) radiation		P
13.7	Mechanical resistance to deflection, impact, or drop		P
13.7.1	General		P
13.7.2	250-N deflection test for metal enclosures		P
13.7.3	7-J impact test for polymeric enclosures	LED cover	P
13.7.4	Drop test		N/A
13.8	Thickness requirements for metal enclosures		P
13.8.1	General	Conformity is checked by the test as specified in clause 13.7	P
13.8.2	Cast metal		P
13.8.3	Sheet metal		N/A
14	COMPONENTS		P
14.1	General	See CDF	P

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	Where safety is involved, components shall be used in accordance with their specified RATINGS unless a specific exception is made. They shall conform to one of the following:		P
	a) applicable safety requirements of a relevant IEC standard. Conformity with other requirements of the component standard is not required. If necessary for the application, components shall be subjected to the test of this standard, except that it is not necessary to carry out identical or equivalent tests already performed to check conformity with the component standard;		P
	b) the requirements of this standard and, where necessary for the application, any additional applicable safety requirements of the relevant IEC component standard;		P
	c) if there is no relevant IEC standard, the requirements of this standard;		P
	d) applicable safety requirements of a non-IEC standard which are at least as high as those of the applicable IEC standard, provided that the component has been approved to the non-IEC standard by a recognized testing authority.		P
	Components such as optocouplers, capacitors, transformers, and relays connected across basic, supplemental, reinforced, or double insulation shall comply with the requirements applicable for the grade of insulation being bridged, and if not previously certified to the applicable component safety standard shall be subjected to the voltage test of 7.5.2 as routine test.		P
14.2	Motor Over temperature Protection		N/A
	Motors which, when stopped or prevented from starting (see 4.4.4.3), would present an electric shock HAZARD, a temperature HAZARD, or a fire HAZARD, shall be protected by an over temperature or thermal protection device meeting the requirements of 14.3.		N/A
14.3	Over temperature protection devices	Power limited by temperature control in single fault condition or high temperature environment condition	P
14.4	Fuse holders	Not replaced by operator	N/A
14.5	MAINS voltage selecting devices		N/A
14.6	Printed circuit boards		P

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	Printed circuit boards shall be made of material with a flammability classification of V-1 of IEC 60707 or better.	PCB material approved by UL with UL94 V-0 rating	P
	This requirement does not apply to thin-film flexible printed circuit boards that contain only circuits powered from limited power sources meeting the requirements of 9.2.		N/A
	Conformity of the flammability RATING is checked by inspection of data on the materials. Alternatively, conformity is checked by performing the V-1 tests specified in IEC 60707 on three samples of the relevant parts.		P
14.7	Circuits or components used as transient overvoltage limiting devices		P
	If control of transient overvoltage is employed in the equipment, any overvoltage limiting component or circuit shall be tested with the applicable impulse withstand voltage of Table 7-10 using the test method from 7.5.1 except 10 positive and 10 negative impulses are to be applied and may be spaced up to 1 min apart.		P
14.8	Batteries		N/A
	Equipment containing batteries shall be designed to reduce the risk of fire, explosion and chemical leaks under normal conditions and after a single fault in the equipment including a fault in circuitry within the equipment battery pack.		N/A
14.8.1	Battery Enclosure Ventilation		N/A
14.8.1.1	Ventilation requirements		N/A
14.8.1.2	Ventilation testing		N/A
14.8.1.3	Ventilation instructions		N/A
14.8.2	Battery Mounting		N/A
	Compliance is verified by the application of the force to the battery's mounting surface. The test force is to be increased gradually so as to reach the required value in 5 to 10 s, and is to be maintained at that value for 1 min. A non-metallic rack or tray shall be tested at the highest normal condition operating temperature.		N/A
14.8.3	Electrolyte spillage		N/A
	Battery trays and cabinets shall have an electrolyte-resistant coating.		N/A
	The ENCLOSURE or compartment housing a VENTED BATTERY shall be constructed so that spillage or leakage of the electrolyte from one battery will be contained within the ENCLOSURE and be prevented from:		N/A

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	a) reaching the PCE outer surfaces that can be contacted by the USER		N/A
	b) contaminating adjacent electrical components or materials; and		N/A
	c) bridging required electrical distances		N/A
14.8.4	Battery Connections		N/A
	Reverse battery connection of the terminals shall be prevented if reverse connection could result in a hazard within the meaning of this Standard		N/A
14.8.5	Battery maintenance instructions		N/A
	The information and instructions listed in 5.3.4.1 shall be included in the operator manual for equipment in which battery maintenance is performed by the operator, or in the service manual if battery maintenance is to be performed by service personnel only.		N/A
14.8.6	Battery accessibility and maintainability		N/A
	Battery terminals and connectors shall be accessible for maintenance with the correct TOOLS. Batteries with liquid electrolyte, requiring maintained shall be so located that the battery cell caps are accessible for electrolyte tests and readjusting of electrolyte levels.		N/A
15	Software and firmware performing safety functions	test combined with clause 4.4	P
	EN 62109-1:2010		P
Annex ZA	Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications	Considered	P

4.2.2.6	TABLE: mains supply electrical data in normal condition									P
Model	SH3.0RS									
	PV input			Grid AC output			Battery			
Working condition	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	
PV lowest voltage charges battery and supplies to grid	323.5	30.43	9845.19	207.1	13.70	2834.8	220.1	29.67	6529.1	
	324.9	31.32	10176.6	230.3	12.95	2980.5	340.1	19.28	6555.4	
	322.5	31.55	10176.0	253.2	12.01	3036.8	410.1	15.79	6473.7	
Battery lowest voltage discharges without PV connected	--	--	--	207.2	13.66	2947.1	100.9	30.31	3058.2	
	--	--	--	230.0	12.9	2961.6	106.3	30.48	3237.9	
	--	--	--	253.2	11.77	2970.9	106.8	30.42	3249.9	
PV highest voltage charges battery and supplies to grid	478.6	20.63	9873.2	207.2	13.70	2836.2	220.1	29.72	6540.7	
	482.5	21.17	10213.8	230.1	12.75	2930.3	340.1	19.09	6491.3	
	480.7	21.25	10214.6	253.2	11.54	2918.4	410.1	15.93	6535.1	
Battery highest voltage discharges without PV connected	--	--	--	207.1	13.70	2831.4	410.1	7.11	2917.8	
	--	--	--	230.1	12.72	2919.6	410.1	7.38	3026.1	
	--	--	--	253.2	11.52	2907.2	410.1	7.42	3044.4	
Inrush current @ Max. MPP voltage, "On"	27.0A peak @55.6ms									
	PV			Back up output			Battery			
Working condition	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	
Only PV supply the load	141.1	22.38	3156.6	230.2	12.99	2984.8	--	--	--	
	480.4	6.64	3189.1	230.3	13.41	3082.4	--	--	--	
Only Battery supply the load	--	--	--	230.1	12.97	2978.2	106.8	29.43	3144.3	
	--	--	--	230.2	12.99	2982.8	460.1	6.84	3148.3	
PV lowest voltage charges the battery, without grid	210.3	31.97	6722.1	--	--	--	220.1	29.5	6493.7	
	211.8	31.81	6735.4	--	--	--	340.1	19.21	6534.7	
	211.4	31.73	6708.4	--	--	--	460.1	14.18	6524.0	
PV highest voltage charges the battery, without grid	480.4	14.22	6831.9	--	--	--	220.9	29.66	6550.9	
	481.1	14.15	6808.8	--	--	--	340.9	19.34	6592.3	
	482.7	14.22	6861.8	--	--	--	460.1	14.29	6575.4	
	Back up output			Grid AC input			Battery			
Working condition	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	
Grid charges the battery+ back-up@ Battery voltage lowest	205.9	14.9	3058.0	206.8	48.2	9950.1	221.9	29.6	6574.7	
	229.1	13.4	3063.9	229.9	43.2	9928.4	222.1	29.6	6578.2	
	252.0	11.9	3011.1	252.7	39.5	9976.2	222.3	29.4	6524.1	
Grid charges the battery+ back-up Battery voltage highest	206.1	14.9	3063.0	206.8	47.7	9861.1	461.1	13.7	6315.7	
	229.1	13.4	3063.5	229.8	42.5	9754.6	460.6	13.9	6397.9	
	252.3	12.0	3024.6	252.9	38.7	9694.4	461.5	13.8	6377.9	
Supplementary information:										

4.2.2.6	TABLE: mains supply electrical data in normal condition									P
Model	SH3.6RS									
	PV input			Grid AC output			Battery			
Working condition	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	
PV lowest voltage charges battery and supplies to grid	337.4	28.51	9617.6	207.1	15.99	3310.6	220.1	29.69	6532.9	
	334.5	31.58	10563.3	230.2	15.73	3617.0	340.1	19.15	6513.4	
	333.2	31.76	10582.2	253.2	14.17	3581.4	410.5	15.88	6519.4	
Battery lowest voltage discharges without PV connected	--	--	--	207.2	16.00	3312.5	128.2	26.93	3452.0	
	--	--	--	230.1	15.69	3604.9	128.2	29.30	3756.6	
	--	--	--	253.1	14.28	3608.1	128.2	29.35	3762.4	
PV highest voltage charges battery and supplies to grid	479.1	20.51	9825.7	207.1	15.99	3310.0	220.0	29.61	6514.1	
	480.6	21.97	10557.5	230.1	15.75	3619.9	340.0	19.26	6548.1	
	482.0	22.04	10622.7	253.2	14.27	3610.0	410.0	15.98	6553.1	
Battery highest voltage discharges without PV connected	--	--	--	207.1	16.00	3310.3	410.5	8.39	3446.1	
	--	--	--	230.2	15.64	3595.9	410.5	9.26	3802.1	
	--	--	--	253.1	14.24	3596.4	410.5	9.20	3777.2	
Inrush current @ Max. MPP voltage, "On"	27.0A peak @53.6ms									
	PV			Back up output			Battery			
Working condition	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	
Only PV supply the load	172.7	21.76	3757.1	230.3	15.53	3570.3	--	--	--	
	480.0	8.12	3895.5	230.3	15.83	3641.9	--	--	--	
Only Battery supply the load	--	--	--	130.6	29.89	3675.3	220.1	17.74	3903.8	
	--	--	--	230.1	15.56	3575.5	460.2	8.32	3828.4	
PV lowest voltage charges the battery, without grid	211.7	31.83	6737.4	--	--	--	220.1	29.57	6507.1	
	211.8	31.82	6737.8	--	--	--	340.1	19.22	6537.1	
	211.5	31.74	6711.1	--	--	--	460.1	14.18	6526.5	
PV highest voltage charges the battery, without grid	479.7	14.43	6921.1	--	--	--	220.1	29.87	6574.1	
	479.7	14.29	6853.9	--	--	--	340.1	19.31	6566.4	
	482.6	14.23	6868.5	--	--	--	460.1	14.31	6583.9	
	Back up output			Grid AC input			Battery			
Working condition	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	
Grid charges the battery+ back-up@ Battery voltage lowest	205.9	17.7	3642.7	206.8	52.2	10785.0	222.6	29.6	6584.5	
	229.1	15.7	3605.9	229.9	46.6	10699.0	222.9	29.5	6565.9	
	252.3	14.1	3565.9	253.0	42.0	10627.0	222.6	29.5	6565.3	
Grid charges the battery+ back-up Battery voltage highest	206.0	17.8	3665.5	206.9	50.5	10439.0	461.0	13.7	6318.7	
	229.1	15.6	3568.5	229.8	44.7	10271.0	461.3	13.6	6291.2	
	252.3	14.0	3540.4	253.0	40.4	10215.0	461.0	13.7	6317.7	
Supplementary information:										

4.2.2.6	TABLE: mains supply electrical data in normal condition									P
Model	SH4.0RS									
	PV input			Grid AC output			Battery			
Working condition	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	
PV lowest voltage charges battery and supplies to grid	348.4	30.03	10462.5	207.2	18.20	3769.5	220.8	29.83	6588.2	
	349.4	31.31	10941.7	230.3	17.18	3952.2	340.8	19.16	6529.3	
	350.8	31.32	10986.6	253.1	15.60	3941.8	410.9	15.86	6515.8	
Battery lowest voltage discharges without PV connected	--	--	--	207.1	18.02	3729.9	145.6	27.36	3984.1	
	--	--	--	230.1	17.24	3964.4	145.6	29.09	4236.5	
	--	--	--	253.2	15.51	3921.3	145.3	28.02	4072.1	
PV highest voltage charges battery and supplies to grid	481.7	22.09	10641.4	207.1	18.20	3766.3	221.3	29.18	6456.4	
	480.7	22.86	10988.5	230.2	17.09	3932.0	341.3	18.77	6407.4	
	480.4	22.92	11010.8	253.3	15.57	3941.1	410.9	15.91	6535.4	
Battery highest voltage discharges without PV connected	--	--	--	207.1	18.20	3767.9	411.4	9.83	4043.9	
	--	--	--	230.1	17.26	3969.2	410.5	10.29	4232.3	
	--	--	--	253.3	15.72	3974.1	410.9	10.02	4115.9	
Inrush current @ Max. MPP voltage, "On"	29.0A peak @55.0ms									
	PV			Back up output			Battery			
Working condition	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	
Only PV supply the load	191.2	22.39	4281.4	230.2	17.66	4062.5	--	--	--	
	479.7	8.97	4301.1	230.3	17.41	4005.2	--	--	--	
Only Battery supply the load	--	--	--	230.0	17.33	3983.0	145.7	29.69	4326.0	
	--	--	--	230.3	17.22	3959.9	460.1	8.96	4120.3	
PV lowest voltage charges the battery, without grid	211.7	31.83	6737.6	--	--	--	220.1	29.56	6505.9	
	211.2	31.87	6730.2	--	--	--	340.1	19.20	6530.5	
	211.4	31.77	6716.7	--	--	--	460.1	14.20	6532.5	
PV highest voltage charges the battery, without grid	481.4	14.45	6958.0	--	--	--	221.4	29.82	6602.8	
	480.8	14.33	6890.0	--	--	--	341.4	19.53	6667.7	
	482.6	14.24	6872.3	--	--	--	460.1	14.32	6586.8	
	Back up output			Grid AC input			Battery			
Working condition	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	
Grid charges the battery+ back-up@ Battery voltage lowest	205.9	19.7	4061.8	206.9	53.1	10977.0	222.7	29.5	6568.4	
	229.0	17.5	3997.7	229.9	47.5	10909.0	223.0	29.6	6598.1	
	252.1	16.1	4060.9	252.9	43.3	10940.0	223.0	29.5	6571.8	
Grid charges the battery+ back-up Battery voltage highest	205.8	19.7	4056.4	206.7	52.6	10861.0	461.7	13.7	6317.5	
	229.0	17.4	3989.1	229.8	46.0	10559.0	461.2	13.8	6350.8	
	252.0	16.1	4067.1	252.8	41.9	10589.0	461.5	13.7	6338.4	
Supplementary information:										

4.2.2.6	TABLE: mains supply electrical data in normal condition									P
Model	SH5.0RS									
	PV input			Grid AC output			Battery			
Working condition	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	
PV lowest voltage charges battery and supplies to grid	390.7	29.51	11529.5	207.1	22.80	4721.3	221.3	29.16	6453.5	
	390.4	30.50	11907.9	230.2	21.79	5011.9	341.3	18.79	6414.6	
	388.0	31.07	12055.9	253.1	19.76	4992.5	410.9	15.87	6520.2	
Battery lowest voltage discharges without PV connected	--	--	--	207.1	22.79	4720.8	181.5	27.47	4984.8	
	--	--	--	230.1	21.73	4998.3	181.5	29.11	5282.1	
	--	--	--	253.2	19.77	5000.2	180.7	28.80	5204.5	
PV highest voltage charges battery and supplies to grid	481.1	24.12	11602.1	207.3	22.80	4723.8	221.3	29.39	6504.5	
	480.8	24.83	11940.8	230.1	21.65	4978.8	341.3	19.13	6528.2	
	480.3	24.79	11907.2	253.2	19.69	4977.4	410.9	15.81	6497.7	
Battery highest voltage discharges without PV connected	--	--	--	207.2	22.80	4721.8	411.4	12.00	4937.7	
	--	--	--	230.2	21.76	5004.1	410.5	12.65	5203.6	
	--	--	--	253.1	19.74	4991.7	410.5	12.57	5159.5	
Inrush current @ Max. MPP voltage, "On"	18.9A peak @95.8ms									
	PV			Back up output			Battery			
Working condition	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	
Only PV supply the load	236.1	22.26	5255.6	230.2	21.75	5005.0	--	--	--	
	481.6	10.79	5198.9	230.2	21.73	5000.2	--	--	--	
Only Battery supply the load	--	--	--	230.3	21.78	5014.7	181.3	29.04	5265.6	
	--	--	--	230.4	21.80	5013.5	460.1	11.16	5134.1	
PV lowest voltage charges the battery, without grid	234.3	30.01	7030.0	--	--	--	221.0	29.78	6580.6	
	236.5	29.41	6954.7	--	--	--	341.0	19.16	6532.5	
	234.8	29.20	6854.1	--	--	--	460.9	14.19	6537.9	
PV highest voltage charges the battery, without grid	482.6	14.39	6943.0	--	--	--	220.7	29.75	6567.1	
	483.5	14.21	6869.2	--	--	--	340.8	19.30	6578.7	
	482.6	14.25	6876.5	--	--	--	460.1	14.24	6550.8	
	Back up output			Grid AC input			Battery			
Working condition	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	
Grid charges the battery+ back-up@ Battery voltage lowest	205.7	24.3	5000.5	206.8	57.9	11970.0	221.9	29.6	6565.0	
	228.8	21.9	5002.2	229.8	52.3	12010.0	222.1	29.6	6572.2	
	251.9	20.1	5069.6	252.7	47.4	11971.0	223.1	29.6	6609.8	
Grid charges the battery+ back-up Battery voltage highest	205.7	24.3	4989.9	206.7	56.7	11714.0	460.6	13.8	6340.2	
	228.8	21.9	4999.9	229.7	51.0	11712.0	463.5	13.7	6346.0	
	252.0	20.1	5073.3	252.9	45.9	11601.0	461.7	13.7	6334.7	
Supplementary information:										

4.2.2.6	TABLE: mains supply electrical data in normal condition									P
Model	SH6.0RS									
	PV input			Grid AC output			Battery			
Working condition	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	
PV lowest voltage charges battery and supplies to grid	408.0	30.61	12477.2	207.4	27.29	5659.5	220.1	29.20	6425.8	
	407.8	31.90	12998.3	230.2	25.94	5967.4	340.0	18.90	6425.7	
	406.6	32.18	13083.6	253.3	23.49	5941.2	410.9	15.87	6522.6	
Battery lowest voltage discharges without PV connected	--	--	--	207.2	27.30	5655.8	221.5	27.19	6021.8	
	--	--	--	230.3	25.98	5979.7	221.4	28.64	6343.2	
	--	--	--	253.4	23.61	5975.8	220.9	28.45	6283.3	
PV highest voltage charges battery and supplies to grid	476.3	26.67	12702.4	207.3	27.39	5678.0	221.3	29.45	6518.6	
	481.1	27.19	13083.2	230.1	25.87	5951.8	341.3	19.17	6541.9	
	480.2	26.97	12953.2	253.2	23.51	5943.2	410.9	15.82	6499.8	
Battery highest voltage discharges without PV connected	--	--	--	207.3	27.30	5656.7	411.2	14.49	5959.4	
	--	--	--	230.2	25.88	5955.3	410.5	15.19	6226.4	
	--	--	--	253.3	23.46	5935.0	410.9	14.98	6155.7	
Inrush current @ Max. MPP voltage, "On"	23.1A peak @109.4ms									
	PV			Back up output			Battery			
Working condition	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	
Only PV supply the load	285.2	22.16	6318.1	230.3	25.99	5983.8	--	--	--	
	482.7	12.98	6267.3	230.3	25.85	5950.2	--	--	--	
Only Battery supply the load	--	--	--	230.2	26.02	5988.3	220.6	28.80	6351.2	
	--	--	--	230.3	26.20	6023.1	460.1	13.32	6129.0	
PV lowest voltage charges the battery, without grid	284.7	24.46	6965.7	--	--	--	220.6	29.68	6547.1	
	286.3	24.02	6877.3	--	--	--	340.6	19.12	6512.3	
	284.8	24.40	6949.7	--	--	--	460.9	14.18	6537.5	
PV highest voltage charges the battery, without grid	480.5	14.27	6858.3	--	--	--	220.6	29.44	6493.1	
	479.5	14.33	6869.8	--	--	--	340.6	19.18	6533.1	
	482.5	14.13	6816.4	--	--	--	460.1	14.28	6568.4	
	Back up output			Grid AC input			Battery			
Working condition	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	U (V)	I (A)	P (W)	
Grid charges the battery+ back-up@ Battery voltage lowest	205.4	29.0	5954.8	206.6	63.1	13025.0	222.9	29.6	6607.7	
	228.9	26.1	5982.5	230.0	56.4	12960.0	221.4	29.6	6558.0	
	251.9	24.0	6050.0	252.9	51.2	12929.0	220.54	29.9	6594.8	
Grid charges the battery+ back-up Battery voltage highest	205.7	29.1	5976.3	206.8	61.5	12720.0	460.5	13.8	6361.7	
	228.8	26.0	5940.5	229.9	55.5	12754.0	460.6	13.8	6351.2	
	251.9	24.1	6059.9	252.8	50.8	12832.0	460.5	13.8	6357.5	
Supplementary information:										

4.3	TABLE: heating temperature rise measurements				P
Model	SH6.0RS				
test voltage (V)	Supplementary information			¾	
t1 (°C).....	Supplementary information			¾	
t2 (°C)	Supplementary information			¾	
Thermocouple Locations	Max. temperature measured (°C)				Max. temperature limit, (°C)
--	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
PV connector	33.23	46.63	32.17	45.67	75
Battery connector	37.76	48.27	36.42	47.38	75
Grid terminal enclosure	33.95	48.07	31.29	43.56	75
DC switch	34.00	47.12	32.95	46.24	85
Mounting surface	41.58	53.14	39.58	51.42	90
PV input wire	49.03	57.80	43.06	53.49	105
Battery input wire	53.50	57.49	49.54	54.07	105
PV common inductor	55.32	62.20	47.31	56.64	150(Class H)
Battery common inductor	81.28	69.83	69.83	63.66	150(Class H)
Relay for Grid	72.81	73.40	64.00	67.38	85
Fuse for battery	104.35	76.50	89.62	69.70	130
Film capacitor	57.30	64.05	49.36	57.83	85
BAT current sensor	64.45	68.40	55.41	61.34	85
Wire for boost inductor	69.79	74.60	60.42	66.98	105
BUS capacitor	73.80	77.92	61.31	69.42	85
Wire for INV inductor	82.12	90.28	68.52	80.29	105
INV current sensor	81.98	90.43	68.13	79.73	85
X capacitor	72.51	82.17	58.62	70.48	85
Y capacitor	81.00	90.22	66.42	77.62	85
GFCI sensor	79.93	89.24	66.10	78.40	85
Relay 1	71.47	81.91	64.08	75.57	105
Relay 2	77.01	86.82	71.10	82.75	105
Relay 3	78.69	88.89	67.10	78.74	105
IGBT	89.65	109.43	66.18	83.98	130
Drive transformer coil	83.71	95.79	69.39	83.03	130(Class F)
Main transformer coil	29.02	43.28	28.82	42.92	130(Class F)
DSP	56.80	67.09	50.14	61.94	105
AC common inductor	100.22	111.06	70.18	82.92	150(Class H)
Back up common inductor	93.61	102.99	46.49	58.90	150(Class H)
ARM	56.00	66.51	50.29	62.20	105
Fan	59.08	68.26	48.84	60.20	85
Inductor L6 coil	104.80	115.47	77.68	89.99	150(Class H)
Inductor L7 coil	109.80	121.08	77.28	90.33	150(Class H)
Back up output wire	59.92	72.03	47.76	61.31	105
Grid output wire	45.82	59.00	35.98	49.56	105
Battery boost MOS	69.09	72.43	66.13	70.56	130
PV boost MOS	55.58	63.47	50.29	59.39	130
Front surface	42.00	54.21	37.01	50.22	70
PCB	96.26	107.43	66.79	79.47	130
Ambient	30.92	44.75	30.01	44.03	Ref.
Supplementary information:					



test condition 1: PV charge the battery 220V@6kW and grid 230V@6kW (without power derating, 30°C).
 test condition 2: Grid charge the battery 460V@6kW and load 230V@6kW (without power derating, 45°C).
 test condition 3: Battery discharge to the grid with battery 220V@6kW(without power derating, 30°C).
 test condition 4: Battery discharge to the load with battery 460V@6kW(without power derating, 45°C).

4.3	TABLE: heating temperature rise measurements				P	
Model	SH6.0RS					
	test voltage (V)	Supplementary information			¼	
	t1 (°C).....	Supplementary information			¼	
	t2 (°C)	Supplementary information			¼	
Thermocouple Locations		Max. temperature measured (°C)				Max. temperature limit, (°C)
--		(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
PV connector		61.84	62.31	45.84	43.77	75
Battery connector		63.60	63.34	46.55	45.15	75
Grid terminal enclosure		60.59	60.58	41.70	41.31	75
DC switch		62.66	62.33	46.82	43.71	85
Mounting surface		69.68	68.83	57.21	51.06	90
PV input wire		72.64	74.89	67.11	59.55	105
Battery input wire		71.36	71.03	59.35	55.72	105
PV common inductor		79.96	90.81	108.78	85.90	150(Class H)
Battery common inductor		81.83	81.77	75.95	70.57	150(Class H)
Relay for Grid		84.91	85.81	81.44	73.47	85
Fuse for battery		88.47	86.67	86.39	80.19	130
Film capacitor		76.99	78.57	78.99	67.60	85
BAT current sensor		80.70	82.05	84.31	70.95	85
Wire for boost inductor		87.22	87.39	87.30	74.45	105
BUS capacitor		89.09	88.79	82.45	74.17	85
Wire for INV inductor		99.57	98.03	89.16	81.48	105
INV current sensor		97.96	96.49	85.98	80.42	85
X capacitor		88.27	87.71	74.55	70.42	85
Y capacitor		95.89	94.69	83.75	78.77	85
GFCI sensor		94.95	94.03	81.67	77.82	85
Relay 1		87.82	87.87	81.35	76.68	105
Relay 2		91.75	91.69	87.98	83.48	105
Relay 3		93.81	93.15	82.88	79.00	105
IGBT		99.94	98.95	85.49	82.11	130
Drive transformer coil		100.80	99.69	86.82	82.44	130(Class F)
Main transformer coil		57.11	57.21	38.51	38.42	130(Class F)
DSP		80.26	80.34	65.32	61.42	105
AC common inductor		109.16	109.60	87.65	82.70	150(Class H)
Back up common inductor		106.80	105.00	63.32	58.47	150(Class H)
ARM		80.62	80.68	65.34	61.46	105
Fan		79.59	79.81	66.37	61.17	85
Inductor L6 coil		110.59	110.86	94.03	89.85	150(Class H)
Inductor L7 coil		114.55	114.80	94.52	89.76	150(Class H)
Back up output wire		80.44	80.43	61.92	59.31	105
Grid output wire		68.73	68.44	48.21	46.42	105



Battery boost MOS	88.91	85.69	81.47	71.76	130
PV boost MOS	83.62	81.09	93.40	67.59	130
Front surface	66.11	65.90	50.54	47.59	70
PCB	107.42	107.58	84.45	79.69	130
Ambient	58.63	58.60	41.07	40.30	Ref.
Supplementary information: test condition 5: PV 285V@3kW and the battery 220V@3kW discharge to the load 6kW (Standalone, power with derating, 60°C). test condition 6: PV 350V@13kW charge the battery 220V@6kW and the load 6kW (Standalone, power with derating, 60°C). test condition 7: PV 350V@13kW charge the battery 425V@6kW and the load 6kW (Standalone, without power derating, 40°C). test condition 8: PV 480V@13kW charge the battery 425V@6kW and the load 6kW (Standalone, without power derating, 40°C).					

4.3	TABLE: heating temperature rise measurements				P
Model	SH6.0RS				
test voltage (V)	Supplementary information			¾	
t1 (°C).....	Supplementary information			¾	
t2 (°C)	Supplementary information			¾	
Thermocouple Locations	Max. temperature measured (°C)				Max. temperature limit, (°C)
--	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	
PV connector	35.45	37.17	34.83	47.79	75
Battery connector	40.59	41.35	39.26	49.27	75
Grid terminal enclosure	32.10	32.36	30.96	44.97	75
DC switch	36.05	38.42	35.79	48.33	85
Mounting surface	47.05	50.58	45.15	54.57	90
PV input wire	56.33	62.93	56.41	65.00	105
Battery input wire	60.55	63.07	57.82	60.20	105
PV common inductor	85.26	110.13	81.48	87.05	150(Class H)
Battery common inductor	89.81	93.42	85.48	75.16	150(Class H)
Relay for Grid	80.35	87.12	78.16	77.23	85
Fuse for battery	114.37	116.63	103.60	80.99	130
Film capacitor	67.30	76.71	64.89	69.63	85
BAT current sensor	74.24	84.47	71.67	73.42	85
Wire for boost inductor	80.25	87.96	77.42	77.51	105
BUS capacitor	73.89	79.83	73.89	77.76	85
Wire for INV inductor	81.11	83.76	80.88	86.29	105
INV current sensor	78.44	81.06	78.28	84.59	85
X capacitor	66.20	69.16	67.47	76.84	85
Y capacitor	75.00	76.56	73.09	83.17	85
GFCI sensor	73.06	75.54	72.84	82.41	85
Relay 1	73.34	76.13	67.06	76.74	105
Relay 2	79.68	82.22	70.18	81.19	105
Relay 3	74.96	76.99	70.51	83.01	105
IGBT	77.31	75.96	78.73	88.52	130
Drive transformer coil	78.55	79.92	78.32	87.68	130(Class F)



Main transformer coil	29.03	29.10	28.95	43.15	130(Class F)
DSP	57.21	59.29	59.27	68.98	105
AC common inductor	78.08	80.36	87.41	98.88	150(Class H)
Back up common inductor	53.76	56.01	81.77	95.70	150(Class H)
ARM	57.19	59.14	59.06	69.12	105
Fan	57.37	60.51	60.60	68.53	85
Inductor L6 coil	84.68	86.66	88.86	99.87	150(Class H)
Inductor L7 coil	84.82	86.72	91.19	103.67	150(Class H)
Back up output wire	52.87	53.79	55.36	67.68	105
Grid output wire	38.97	39.81	42.30	56.28	105
Battery boost MOS	80.14	84.07	77.31	75.52	130
PV boost MOS	68.07	88.00	66.22	71.54	130
Front surface	41.79	43.86	42.00	53.27	70
PCB	75.23	77.36	84.99	95.90	130
Ambient	31.58	32.24	32.03	45.47	Ref.

Supplementary information:

test condition 9: PV 480V@13kW charge the battery 220V@6kW and the load 6kW (Standalone, without power derating, 30°C).

test condition10: PV 350V@13kW charge the battery 220V@6kW and the load 6kW (Standalone, without power derating, 30°C).

test condition 11: PV 480V@13kW charge the battery 220V@6kW and the grid 6kW (Grid, without power derating, 30°C).

test condition 12: PV 480V@13kW charge the battery 425V@6kW and the load 6kW (Grid, without power derating, 45°C).

4.3	TABLE: heating temperature rise measurements				P	
Model	SH6.0RS					
	test voltage (V)	Supplementary information			¾	
	t1 (°C)	Supplementary information			¾	
	t2 (°C)	Supplementary information			¾	
Thermocouple Locations		Max. temperature measured (°C)				Max. temperature limit, (°C)
--		(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	
	PV connector	49.16	49.42	47.44	40.83	75
	Battery connector	50.13	53.04	47.66	41.52	75
	Grid terminal enclosure	44.80	44.85	44.87	39.78	75
	DC switch	50.75	50.04	48.28	40.96	85
	Mounting surface	59.08	58.25	53.25	44.11	90
	PV input wire	69.55	71.56	62.22	49.69	105
	Battery input wire	62.53	70.87	55.44	47.03	105
	PV common inductor	102.31	109.80	81.73	56.34	150(Class H)
	Battery common inductor	77.82	95.94	64.39	53.04	150(Class H)
	Relay for Grid	82.10	90.34	65.64	54.02	85
	Fuse for battery	84.78	112.09	66.78	55.31	130
	Film capacitor	78.74	81.77	66.98	53.99	85
	BAT current sensor	83.30	86.22	69.64	56.81	85
	Wire for boost inductor	85.77	89.17	74.66	60.83	105
	BUS capacitor	82.00	84.41	77.19	63.43	85



Wire for INV inductor	86.20	88.61	87.67	76.03	105
INV current sensor	83.35	86.44	86.99	75.99	85
X capacitor	74.99	76.70	76.94	68.07	85
Y capacitor	79.57	81.93	84.96	74.59	85
GFCI sensor	79.31	81.52	83.92	73.73	85
Relay 1	75.53	77.05	75.71	67.06	105
Relay 2	77.57	78.87	80.07	71.22	105
Relay 3	77.75	79.43	82.17	72.99	105
IGBT	83.50	83.76	86.93	80.66	130
Drive transformer coil	85.27	87.18	88.62	78.66	130(Class F)
Main transformer coil	43.27	43.19	43.20	38.36	130(Class F)
DSP	70.28	71.76	66.99	58.00	105
AC common inductor	93.68	94.85	95.55	87.10	150(Class H)
Back up common inductor	82.03	84.44	94.97	85.03	150(Class H)
ARM	70.61	72.24	67.47	58.45	105
Fan	70.12	71.45	66.35	56.37	85
Inductor L6 coil	98.15	99.89	96.18	86.92	150(Class H)
Inductor L7 coil	100.04	101.76	100.06	90.63	150(Class H)
Back up output wire	66.32	66.78	66.00	58.31	105
Grid output wire	53.35	53.30	58.08	51.72	105
Battery boost MOS	81.66	85.90	66.71	53.91	130
PV boost MOS	91.30	81.18	75.26	53.06	130
Front surface	54.39	55.14	52.87	46.06	70
PCB	92.11	93.71	94.38	84.83	130
Ambient	45.84	46.02	45.46	39.91	Ref.

Supplementary information:

test condition 13: PV 350V@13kW charge the battery 425V@6kW and the grid 6kW (Grid, power without derating, 45°C).

test condition14: PV 350V@13kW charge the battery 220V@6kW and the grid 6kW (Grid, power without derating, 45°C).

test condition 15: PV 285V@6kW to the load 6kW (Standalone, without power derating, 45°C).

test condition 16: PV 480V@6kW to the load 6kW (Standalone, without power derating, 40°C).

4.4		TABLE: fault condition tests					P	
Model		SH6.0RS						
		ambient temperature (°C)				25		¾
No.	component No.	fault	test voltage (V)	test time	fuse No.	fuse current (A)	result	
1	overload	overload	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	3 hours	-	18.9	Inverter output at 8.4kW, LCD showed overload fault after 10s. No hazard appeared.	
2	Input PV1+ to PV1- (without BAT)	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 min	-	-	Inverter shutdown immediately. No hazard appears.	



3	Input PV1+ to PV1- (with BAT)	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 min	-	21.7A	Inverter operated normally. No hazard appears.
4	Input PV2+ to PV2- (without BAT)	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 min	-	-	Inverter shutdown immediately. No hazard appears.
5	Input PV2+ to PV2-(with BAT)	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 min	-	21.7A	Inverter operated normally. No hazard appears.
6	AC output L – N	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 min	-	-	Inverter disconnect from grid immediately. LCD showed over-current protection. Inverter work normally after fault removed. No hazard appeared.
7	AC output L-G	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 min	-	-	Inverter disconnect from grid immediately. LCD showed NO-Grid. Inverter work normally after fault removed. No hazard appeared.
8	AC output N-G	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 min	-	-	Inverter operated normally. No hazard appears.
9	AC backup terminal: L-N	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 min	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. LCD showed over-current protection. Inverter work normally after fault removed. No hazard appeared.
10	AC backup terminal: L-G	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 min	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. LCD showed over-current protection. Inverter work normally after fault removed. No hazard appeared.
11	AC backup terminal: N-G	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 min	-	-	Inverter operated normally. No hazard appears.
12	Disconnect the PV in-put connector (without BAT)	Backfeed voltage	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 min	-	-	Inverter shutdown immediately, No hazard appeared.

13	Disconnect the PV in-put connector (with BAT)	Backfeed voltage	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 min	-	-	Inverter operated normally. No hazard appears.
DC EMI PCB							
14	Relay1, contact	open circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5mins	-	-	Battery cannot be charged or discharged. No hazard.
15	Relay1, contact	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally when short circuit. No hazard.
16	PV1 R3	Open circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5mins	-	-	Inverter can't start up. No hazard.
17	PV1 R3	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally but MPPT cannot be achieved. No hazard.
18	PV2 R9	Open circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5mins	-	-	Inverter can't start up. No hazard.
19	PV2 R9	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally but MPPT cannot be achieved. No hazard.
20	DCBUS, R15	Open circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5mins	-	-	Inverter can't start up. No hazard.
21	DCBUS, R15	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally but MPPT cannot be achieved. No hazard.
22	BAT, R23	Open circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5mins	-	-	Battery cannot be charged or discharged. No hazard.
23	BAT, R23	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally but battery voltage report is not accurate. No hazard.
AC EMI PCB							
24	Grid N, R123	Open circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard. LCD show No Grid
25	Grid N, R123	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard. LCD show Grid voltage abnormal.

26	Grid L, R117	Open circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard. LCD show No Grid
27	Grid L, R117	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard. LCD show Grid voltage abnormal.
28	INV L, R69	Open circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5mins	-	-	Inverter can't start up. LCD show self-checking error. No hazard.
29	INV L, R69	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5mins	-	-	Inverter can't start up. LCD show self-checking error. No hazard.
30	INV N, R75	Open circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5mins	-	-	Inverter can't start up. LCD show self-checking error. No hazard.
31	INV N, R75	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter can't start up. LCD show self-checking error. No hazard.
32	EPS L, R167	Open circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard.
33	EPS L, R167	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard.
34	EPS N, R173	Open circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard.
35	EPS N, R173	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard.
36	Relay1, open contact(EPS)	open circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	LCD showed Relay-Pro, inverter can't connect to grid. No hazard.
37	Relay1, short contact(EPS)	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally when short circuit. Restart inverter, after 60s, LCD showed Relay-Pro, inverter can't connect to grid. No hazard.
38	Relay2, open contact(EPS)	open circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	LCD showed Relay-Pro, inverter can't connect to grid. No hazard.

39	Relay2, short contact(EPS)	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally when short circuit. Restart inverter, after 60s, LCD showed Relay-Pro, inverter can't connect to grid. No hazard.
40	Relay3, open contact(EPS)	open circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	LCD showed Relay-Pro, inverter can't connect to grid. No hazard.
41	Relay3, short contact(EPS)	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally when short circuit. Restart inverter, after 60s, LCD showed Relay-Pro, inverter can't connect to grid. No hazard.
42	Relay4, open contact(EPS)	open circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	LCD showed Relay-Pro, inverter can't connect to grid. No hazard.
43	Relay4, short contact(EPS)	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally when short circuit. Restart inverter, after 60s, LCD showed Relay-Pro, inverter can't connect to grid. No hazard.
44	Relay5, open contact(Ground)	open circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	LCD showed Ground fault, inverter can't connect to grid. No hazard.
45	Relay5, short contact(Ground)	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally when short circuit. Restart inverter, after 60s, LCD showed Relay-Pro, inverter can't connect to grid. No hazard.
46	Relay6, open contact(Grid)	open circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	LCD showed Relay-Pro, inverter can't connect to grid. No hazard.
47	Relay6, short contact(Grid)	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally when short circuit. Restart inverter, after 60s, LCD showed Relay-Pro, inverter can't connect to grid. No hazard.

48	Relay7, open contact(Grid)	open circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	LCD showed Relay-Pro, inverter can't connect to grid. No hazard.
49	Relay7, short contact(Grid)	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally when short circuit. Restart inverter, after 60s, LCD showed Relay-Pro, inverter can't connect to grid. No hazard.
50	Relay8, open contact(Grid)	open circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	LCD showed Relay-Pro, inverter can't connect to grid. No hazard.
51	Relay8, short contact(Grid)	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally when short circuit. Restart inverter, after 60s, LCD showed Relay-Pro, inverter can't connect to grid. No hazard.
52	Relay9, open contact(Grid)	open circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	LCD showed Relay-Pro, inverter can't connect to grid. No hazard.
53	Relay9, short contact(Grid)	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally when short circuit. Restart inverter, after 60s, LCD showed Relay-Pro, inverter can't connect to grid. No hazard.
54	Relay10, open contact(Bypass)	open circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	LCD showed Relay-Pro, inverter can't connect to grid. No hazard.
55	Relay10, short contact(Bypass)	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally when short circuit. Restart inverter, after 60s, LCD showed Relay-Pro, inverter can't connect to grid. No hazard.
56	Relay11, open contact(Bypass)	open circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally when short circuit. Restart inverter, after 600s, LCD showed Relay-Pro, inverter can't connect to grid. No hazard.

57	Relay11, short contact(Bypass)	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally when short circuit. Restart inverter, after 60s, LCD showed Relay-Pro, inverter can't connect to grid. No hazard.
58	Relay12, open contact(Bypass)	open circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally when short circuit. Restart inverter, after 600s, LCD showed Relay-Pro, inverter can't connect to grid. No hazard.
59	Relay12, short contact(Bypass)	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally when short circuit. Restart inverter, after 60s, LCD showed Relay-Pro, inverter can't connect to grid. No hazard.
60	Relay13, open contact(Bypass)	open circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally when short circuit. Restart inverter, after 600s, LCD showed Relay-Pro, inverter can't connect to grid. No hazard.
61	Relay13, short contact(Bypass)	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally when short circuit. Restart inverter, after 60s, LCD showed Relay-Pro, inverter can't connect to grid. No hazard.
Communication PCB							
62	+5V ARM	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard.
63	+3V3 ARM	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard.
64	+12V BAT	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally. No hazard.
Main Power PCB							
65	Q1, D-S	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard. Q5 was broken.

66	Q1, G-S	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter cannot start up. No hazard. LCD showed self-checking error.
67	Q2, D-S	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately, No hazard. Q6 was broken.
68	Q2, G-S	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter cannot start up. No hazard. LCD showed self-checking error.
69	Q3, C-E	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard. Q4 broken
70	Q3, G-E	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter cannot start up. No hazard. LCD showed self-checking error.
71	Q4, C-E	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard. Q3 broken
72	Q4, G-E	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter cannot start up. No hazard. LCD showed self-checking error.
73	Q5, C-E	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard. Q1 broken
74	Q5, G-E	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter cannot start up. No hazard. LCD showed self-checking error.
75	Q6, C-E	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard. Q2 broken
76	Q6, G-E	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter cannot start up. No hazard. LCD showed self-checking error.
77	Q7, C-E	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter cannot start up. No hazard.
78	Q7, G-E	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally. No hazard.

79	Q8, C-E	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter cannot start up. No hazard.
80	Q8, G-E	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally. No hazard.
81	Q9, C-E	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard. Q10 broken
82	Q9, G-E	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally. No hazard.
83	Q10, C-E	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard. Q9 broken
84	Q10, G-E	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally. No hazard.
85	Q14, C-E	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard. Q15 broken
86	Q14, G-E	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally. No hazard.
87	Q15, C-E	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard. Q14 broken
88	Q15, G-E	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally. No hazard.
89	Q27, C-E	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard. Q7 broken
90	Q27, G-E	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally. No hazard.
91	R236	Open circuit Before start-up.	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter can't start, LCD show PV insulation resistance abnormal. No hazard.
92	R240	Short circuit Before start-up.	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter can't start, LCD show PV insulation resistance abnormal. No hazard.

93	T1, 1-4	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter failed to start, No hazard.
94	T1, 6-7	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally. No hazard.
95	T1, 9-10	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally. No hazard.
96	T2, 1-4	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter failed to start, No hazard.
97	T2, 6-7	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter failed to start, No hazard.
98	T2, 9-10	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter failed to start, No hazard.
99	T3, 1-4	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter failed to start, No hazard.
100	T3, 6-7	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally. No hazard.
101	T3, 9-10	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally. No hazard.
102	T4, 1-4	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard.
103	T4, 6-7	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally. No hazard.
104	T4, 9-10	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally. No hazard.
105	T5, 1-4	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard.
106	T5, 6-7	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally. No hazard.
107	T5, 9-10	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally. No hazard.

108	T6, 1-3	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally. No hazard.
109	T6, 6-7	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally. No hazard.
110	T6, 8-9	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally. No hazard.
111	T6, 11-12	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally. No hazard.
112	T6, 13-14	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter worked normally. No hazard.
113	T7, 1-3	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard.
114	T7, 6-7	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard.
115	T7, 8-9	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard.
116	T7, 11-12	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard.
117	T7, 13-14	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard.
Control PCB							
118	CY1, 1-3	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard.
119	CY3, 1-3	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard.
120	3V3_VDD	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard.
121	3V_Vref	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard.

122	+5V	Short circuit	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter shut down immediately. No hazard.
GFCI board							
123	R14	Short circuit before start-up	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter can't start, LCD showed Leakage current circuit self-checking error. No hazard.
124	R17	Open circuit before start-up	PV: 550Vdc, BAT: 450V; AC: 230Vac	5 mins	-	-	Inverter can't start, LCD showed Leakage current circuit self-checking error. No hazard.
Supplementary information:							

7.3.6.3.3	TABLE: protective equipotential bonding				N/A
Measured between:		Test current (A)	Voltage drop (V)	Resistance (mΩ)	result
Protective earthing terminal to farthest point of case		32	-	9	
Supplementary information: only for verification as routine test requirement					
PE arrangement: external protective earthing is to be connected to terminal near AC terminal block, and an external second protective earthing conductor is bonded to metal case through locking washer, nut, isolating washer and UL approved ring terminal, refer to installation manual.					
AC output cables required: Cu, L, N and PE:4-6 mm ² , detail refer to user manual.					

7.3.7	TABLE: clearance and creepage distance measurements					P
clearance cl and creepage distance dcr at/of:	Up (V)	U r.m.s. (V)	required cl (mm)	cl (mm)	required dcr (mm)	dcr (mm)
Inverter assembly (non-PCB)						
Across Battery+/- to Ground (BI)	< DC 600	< DC 600	3.0x1.29= 3.9	8.0	6.0	8.0
Across grid L/N to G (BI)	< AC 325	< AC 230	3.0x1.29= 3.9	10.0	3.9	10.0
Across backup L/N to G (BI)	< AC 325	< AC 230	3.0x1.29= 3.9	10.0	3.9	10.0
Across Battery+ to Battery-circuit (FI)	< DC 460	< DC 460	1.5 x1.29= 2.0	8.0	4.6	5.0
Across grid L to N (FI)	< AC 325	< AC 230	1.5 x1.29= 2.0	10.0	2.5	11.0
Across backup L to N (FI)	< AC 325	< AC 230	1.5 x1.29= 2.0	10.0	2.5	10.0
Across Bus capacitor to G (BI)	< DC 600 < AC 325	< DC 600 < AC 230	3.0x1.29= 3.9	5.0	3.9	5.1
Across IGBT to G (BI)	< DC 600 < AC 325	< DC 600 < AC 230	3.0x1.29= 3.9	4.0	3.9	5.0

7.3.7	TABLE: clearance and creepage distance measurements						P
clearance cl and creepage distance dcr at/of:	Up (V)	U r.m.s. (V)	required cl (mm)	cl (mm)	required dcr (mm)	dcr (mm)	
On AC SMPS transformer T6 between Pri to Sec(RI) Note: Triple insulated wire used for COM power supply	< DC 600 < AC 325	< DC 600 < AC 325	5.5x1.29= 7.1	7.1	7.1	7.6	
On DC SMPS transformer T7 between Pri to Sec(RI) Note: Triple insulated wire used for COM power supply	< DC 600 < AC 325	< DC 600 < AC 325	5.5x1.29= 7.1	7.1	7.1	7.6	
Cl. And Cr. On PCB (Main power & AC output)							
On ARM PCB:P-H-000669_V1							
Protective separation between power circuit to COM – on PCB track (RI)	< DC 600 < AC 325	< DC 600 < AC 230	5.5x1.29= 7.1	8.0	7.1	8.0	
Protective separation between power circuit to COM – on CAN IC U300 (RI)	< DC 600 < AC 325	< DC 600 < AC 230	5.5x1.29= 7.1	8.0	7.1	8.0	
On DC sample PCB:P-Q-000285_V0							
Across Battery+/- circuit to Ground (BI)	< DC 600	< DC 600	3.0x1.29= 3.9	6.0	3.9	6.0	
Across PV+/- circuit to Ground (BI)	< DC 600	< DC 600	3.0x1.29= 3.9	6.0	3.9	6.0	
Across Battery+ circuit to Battery- circuit (FI)	< DC 600	< DC 600	1.5 x1.29= 2.0	4.0	2.5	4.0	
Across Battery+ circuit to Battery- circuit (FI)	< DC 600	< DC 600	1.5 x1.29= 2.0	4.0	2.5	4.0	
On main power PCB:P-B-001631_V1							
Across Battery+/- circuit to Ground (BI)	< DC 600	< DC 150	3.0x1.29= 3.9	4.0	3.9	4.0	
Across Battery+ circuit to Battery- circuit (FI)	< DC 600	< DC 150	1.5 x1.29= 2.0	4.0	2.5	4.0	
On SMPS transformer T6, Y CAP C622, optocoupler U12 between power circuit to COM – PCB track (RI)	< DC 380 < AC 325	< DC 380 < AC 230	5.5x1.29= 7.1	8.0	7.1	8.0	
On SMPS transformer T7, Y CAP C621, optocoupler U3 between power circuit to COM – PCB track (RI)	< DC 380 < AC 325	< DC 380 < AC 230	5.5x1.29= 7.1	8.0	7.1	8.0	
Across grid circuit L to N (FI)	< AC 325	< AC 230	1.5 x1.29= 2.0	4.0	2.5	4.0	
Across grid circuit L/N to G (BI)	< AC 325	< AC 230	3.0x1.29= 3.9	4.5	3.9	4.5	
Across backup circuit L to N (FI)	< AC 325	< AC 230	1.5 x1.29= 2.0	4.0	2.5	4.0	
Across backup circuit L/N to G (BI)	< AC 325	< AC 230	3.0x1.29= 3.9	4.5	3.9	4.5	

7.3.7	TABLE: clearance and creepage distance measurements						P
clearance cl and creepage distance dcr at/of:	Up (V)	U r.m.s. (V)	required cl (mm)	cl (mm)	required dcr (mm)	dcr (mm)	
Across drive and control circuit to G (BI)	< DC 380 < AC 325	< DC 380 < AC 230	3.0x1.29= 3.9	4.5	3.9	4.5	
On Relay PCB:P-B-001666_V1							
Across grid relay contacts of one phase (BI)	< DC 150	< DC 150	1.0x1.29= 1.3	2x1.5	1.6	4.0	
Across grid circuit L to N (FI)	< AC 325	< AC 230	1.5 x1.29= 2.0	4.0	2.5	4.0	
Across grid circuit L/N to G (BI)	< AC 325	< AC 230	3.0x1.29= 3.9	4.5	3.9	4.5	
Across backup circuit L to N (FI)	< AC 325	< AC 230	1.5 x1.29= 2.0	4.0	2.5	4.0	
Across backup circuit L/N to G (BI)	< AC 325	< AC 230	3.0x1.29= 3.9	4.5	3.9	4.5	
Supplementary information: 1. Maximum DC link voltage is 600V. 2. Maximum operating altitude is 4000m. 3. The values recorded above are minimum values.							

7.3.7.8	TABLE: distance through insulation measurement				P
distance through insulation di at/of:	U r.m.s. (V)	test voltage (V)	required di (mm)	di (mm)	
Display cover (RI)	<DC600 <AC300	AC 3000/ DC 4242	0,2	3,0	
Insulation sheet between primary winding and secondary winding of isolating transformer T6 on P-B-001631_V1 (RI)	<DC600 <AC300	AC 3000/ DC 4242	-	-	
Insulation sheet between primary winding and secondary winding of isolating transformer T7 on P-B-001631_V1 (RI)	<DC600 <AC300	AC 3000/ DC 4242	-	-	
Epoxy resin used to fill inverter and boost inductor(BI)	<DC600 <AC300	AC 1500/ DC 2121	-	-	
Insulation sheet cover inverter and boost inductor(BI)	<DC600 <AC300	Ditto	-	-	
Insulation sheet between IGBT, MOSFET, DIODE body and heatsink(BI)	<DC600 <AC300	Ditto	-	-	
Supplementary information: other components, such as optocouplers, power modules are checked by certificates and specification.					

7.5	TABLE: electric strength measurements, impulse voltage test and partial discharge test				P
test voltage applied between:	test voltage (V)	impulse withstand voltage (V)	partial discharge extinction voltage (V)	result	
Across power circuit(DC/AC) to earth(BI), note 1	AC 1500/DC 2121, note 6, note 3	4000(for cl. verification and components test), note 6, note 3	N/A, note 4	P	
Between PV different polarities (FI); note 1	N/A, note 5	N/A, note 5	N/A, note 5	N/A, note 5	
Across contacts of relays (BI+SI); note 1	AC 1500/DC 2121, note 6, note 3	4000(for cl. verification and components test), note 6, note 3	N/A, note 4	P	
Across contacts of DC switch (RI); note 1	AC 3000/DC 4242, note 6, note 3	6000(for cl. verification and components test), note 2, note 3	N/A, note 4	P	
Between AC live conductors (FI); note 1	N/A, note 5	N/A, note 5	N/A, note 5	N/A, note 5	
Between PV circuit and Drive, SIO/SOPs circuit, control circuit (BI); note 1	N/A, note 5	N/A, note 5	N/A, note 5	N/A, note 5	
Between PV/AC power circuit and communication RS485 port/USB (RI); note 1	AC 3000/DC 4242, note 6, note 3	6000(for cl. verification and components test), note 2, note 3	N/A, note 4	P	
Insulation area 9: Between internal live parts to Display panel/display cover (RI); note 1	AC 3000/DC 4242, note 6, note 3	6000(for cl. verification and components test), note 2, note 3	N/A, note 4	P	

<p>Supplementary information:</p> <p>Note 1: See insulation incorporated in table clearance and creepage distance measurements.</p> <p>Note 2: Impulse withstand voltage is 6000(for cl. verification and components test), and dielectric strength test voltage is AC 3000V/DC 4242V, the test voltage in above table shows the actual voltage applied for described insulation barriers.</p> <p>Note 3: Voltage test (dielectric strength test) was performed after:</p> <p>1) Humidity pre-conditioning as specified in clause IEC 62109-1(ed.1), 4.5; The device is classed IP65 for outdoor use. The Voltage test was performed immediately after the humidity pre-conditioning.</p> <p>2) Thermal testing as specified in IEC 62109-1(ed.1), 4.3;</p> <p>3) Testing in single fault condition as specified in IEC 62109-1(ed.1), 4.4;</p> <p>4) IP65 test as specified in clause 6.3 of IEC 62109-1(ed.1);</p> <p>5) Mechanical resistance to deflection, impact, or drop as specified in clause 13.7 of IEC 62109-1(ed.1).</p> <p>Note 4: Protection separation shall withstand the partial discharge test according to 7.5.3, only if the recurring peak working voltage across the insulation is greater than 700 V and the voltage stress on the insulation is greater than 1 kV/mm, so rated discharge voltage is equal to sum of the recurring peak voltages in each of the circuits separated by the insulation.</p> <p>Note 5: Functional insulation shall comply with the requirements of clause 7.3.7.3. For parts or circuits in overvoltage category II, III, or IV, functional insulation is designed according to the applicable impulse voltage as determined by 7.3.7.1.4. Testing is not required. See cl. and cr. distance for functional insulation.</p> <p>Note 6: Impulse withstand voltage is 4000(for cl. verification and components test), and dielectric strength test voltage is AC 1500V/DC 2121V, the test voltage in above table shows the actual voltage applied for described insulation barriers.</p> <p>Note 7: To make sure that this voltage in not stress on basic or supplementary insulation barriers and non-applied insulating area are accidentally tested, this test is applied on individual parts only.</p>

7.5.4	TABLE: leakage current measurement			P
Type of leakage current and test condition (including single faults)	Supply voltage	Supply frequency	Measured max. value (mA)	Remarks
Earth leakage current after clause 4.3, thermal testing and 4.5, single fault condition test	600VDC 230VAC	60Hz	2.96	P
Earth leakage current Leakage current after clause 7.5.2.3, Humidity pre-conditioning, note 3	600VDC 230VAC	60Hz	1.93	P
Earth leakage current after clause 6.3, IP65 test	600VDC 230VAC	60Hz	2.01	P
<p>Supplementary information:</p> <p>Note 1: MD=Measuring device for leakage current; IEC 62109-1(ed.1), EN 62109-1:2010 leakage current circuit: according to Figure 4 in 5.1 of IEC 60990.</p> <p>Note 2: The device is classed IP65 for outdoor use. The leakage current test was performed immediately after the humidity pre-conditioning.</p> <p>Note 3: The device utilizes a connecting device in accordance with IEC 60309 (PV circuits that use connectors are considered pluggable type B or fixed equipment. according to IEC 62109-1 Ed.1:2010), and an external second protective earthing conductor is bonded to metal case through locking washer, nut, isolating washer and UL approved ring terminal.</p>				



9.2.2	TABLE: Limited power sources					P
Circuit output tested: USB port						
Note: Measured Uoc (V) with all load circuits disconnected:						
Components	Sample No.	Uoc (V)	I _{sc} (A)		VA	
			Meas.	Limit	Meas.	Limit
communication port	1	5.1	3.14	8	16.0	5*Uoc
supplementary information: Sc=Short circuit, Oc=Open circuit						

14	TABLE: list of critical components(Data form for electrical and electronic component(CDF))					P
object/part No.	manufacturer/ trademark	type/model	technical data	standard	mark(s) of conformity ¹⁾	
¹⁾ an asterisk indicates a mark which assures the agreed level of surveillance						

.....End of test report.....

